

PERALTA COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Trustees Peralta Community College District Oakland, California

Report on Audit of Financial Statements *Opinions*

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and the aggregate remaining fund information of Peralta Community College District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Peralta Community College District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for one year beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements. In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Required Supplementary Information section, as listed in the Table of Contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.



Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information listed in the Table of Contents, including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Management's Discussion and Analysis section and unaudited supplementary information section, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on other work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

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In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 8, 2022, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

San Diego, California December 8, 2022

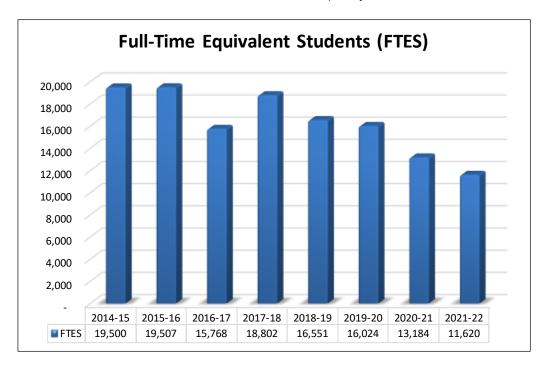


Introduction

The following discussion and analysis provides an overview of the financial position and activities of Peralta Community College District (the District) for the year ended June 30, 2022. The discussion has been prepared by management and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes which follow this section. The Peralta Community College District was founded in 1964 and serves six cities in the East Bay Area, including Albany, Alameda, Berkeley, Emeryville, Oakland, and Piedmont. The four colleges comprising the District include: Berkeley City College, College of Alameda, Laney College, and Merritt College. The District has a reputation for developing effective approaches to serving the varied interests and needs of its vibrant community. The District serves over 22,105 students a semester, and is one of the top community college districts in California in transferring students into the UC system. Currently, 979 full time employees and over 1401 part-time faculty and staff are employed by the District.

Selected Highlights

- The District's primary funding source is based upon apportionment received from the State of California. The primary basis of this apportionment is the calculation of Full-Time Equivalent Students (FTES). During the fiscal year 2021-2022, Peralta Colleges generated 11,620 FTES (including credit and noncredit FTES), as compared to 13,184 in the fiscal year 2020-21. This represents an 12 percent decrease. FTES is generated at the District's four colleges: Berkeley City College, College of Alameda, Laney College, and Merritt College.
- FTES claimed by the District in 2021-22, 11,620 included utilizing all of summer enrollment/FTES, a decrease
 in the FTES claimed in 2020-21 of 13,184 which also included prior year summer enrollment.



Selected Highlights, continued

- Unrestricted General Fund revenues for the year were \$149,592,705 an increase of 4.39 percent from prior year's revenue of \$143,296,144. This was due, in large part, to the base increase community colleges received in the current year.
- Unrestricted General Fund expenditures for the year were \$140,350,328, decrease of 1.37 percent over prior year's expenditures of \$142,015,781.
- The District received approximately \$1,971,629 in Student Success and Support Program funding allocated to the four Colleges.
- The District received approximately \$8,694,322 in Student Equity funding that was distributed among the four Colleges and the District Office.
- Medical benefit rates for both employees and retirees increased by zero percent for Kaiser and remained flat for the Self-Insurance plan over the prior year. The District continues to provide retirees who were hired prior to July 1, 2004, with lifetime medical benefits. For employees hired after July 1, 2004, medical benefits upon retirement are provided until age 65 or Medicare eligibility. The District's aggregate net OPEB liability (TOL) as of June 30, 2022, is \$202,594,883 (\$180,743,457 for those employees hired prior to July 1, 2004, and \$22,468,231 for employees hired after July 1, 2004 and \$529,397 for the Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program). In December 2005, the District issued \$153 million in Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Bonds. The proceeds of the bonds have been placed in a revocable trust fund, which may be used only to pay or reimburse the District for payment of retiree health benefit costs or related debt service costs.

Selected Highlights, continued

- The District will continue to use Measures A and G bonds to pay for various capital improvements to its educational facilities including where progress was subjected to interruption in spring 2020 as a result of the pandemic. They include, but are not limited to, the following:
- Investment in technology infrastructure District-wide, including wifi at the Colleges.
- Renovate and improve classrooms, laboratories, and other instructional facilities.
- District-wide safety systems including disaster preparedness, campus security, and hazardous and toxic waste handling.
- Renovation of student service buildings and facilities at Laney College, Merritt College, and College of Alameda.
- Cabling and power upgrades.
- Construction of a multi-level urban campus for Berkeley City College in Berkeley.
- The District utilizes Measure B proceeds, its special parcel tax, as approved by the voters in June 2012 in the following manner:
- Restore and maintain core academic programs such as Math, Science, and English.
- Train students for careers.
- Prepare students to transfer to four-year universities.

Statement of Net Position

The Statement of Net Position presents the assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, and net position of the District as of the end of the fiscal year and was prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting basis used by most private-sector organizations. The Statement of Net Position is a point-of-time financial statement whose purpose is to present to the reader a fiscal snapshot of the District. The Statement of Net Position presents end-of-year data concerning assets, liabilities, and net position.

From the data presented, the reader of the Statement of Net Position is able to determine the assets available to continue operations of the District. The reader is also able to determine how much the District owes to vendors and employees. Finally, the Statement of Net Position provides a picture of the assets and their availability for expenditure by the District.

The difference between total assets, deferred outflows, total liabilities, and deferred inflows is one indicator of the current financial condition of the District; the change in net position is an indicator of whether the overall financial condition has improved or worsened during the year. Assets and liabilities are generally measured using current values. One notable exception is capital assets, which are stated at historical cost, less accumulated depreciation. The net position is divided into three major categories. The first category, invested in capital assets, provides the equity amount in property, plant, and equipment owned by the District. The second category is expendable restricted assets; these assets are available for expenditure by the District, but must be spent for purposes as determined by external entities and/or donors that have placed time or purpose restrictions on the use of the assets. The final category is unrestricted net position, which is available to the District for any lawful purpose of the District.

Statement of Net Position, continued

A summary of the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, is presented below:

	2022	2021	Change
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Current assets	\$ 114,789,109	\$ 83,807,753	\$ 30,981,356
Noncurrent assets	737,738,266	806,920,916	(69,182,650)
Deferred outflow of resources	70,520,609	89,959,058	(19,438,449)
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	923,047,984	980,687,727	(57,639,743)
LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Current liabilities	125,142,653	108,158,035	16,984,618
Noncurrent liabilities	935,287,144	1,094,501,978	(159,214,834)
Deferred inflows of resources	86,318,807	47,051,527	39,267,280
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,146,748,604	1,249,711,540	(102,962,936)
NET POSITION			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	48,378,992	35,587,399	12,791,593
Restricted	75,435,314	77,175,899	(1,740,585)
Unrestricted	(347,514,926)	(381,787,111)	34,272,185
Total Net Position	\$ (223,700,620)	\$ (269,023,813)	\$ 45,323,193

- Approximately 97 percent of the cash equivalent balance per the Statement of Cash Flows is cash deposited
 in the Alameda County Treasury Pool, and approximately 3 percent is cash deposited in local financial banking
 institutions. All funds are invested in accordance with Board Policy, which emphasizes prudence, safety,
 liquidity, and return on investment. The Statement of Cash Flows contained within these financial statements
 provides greater detail regarding the sources and uses of cash, and the net increase in cash during the 202122 fiscal year.
- The majority of the accounts receivable balance is from Federal and State sources for grant and entitlement programs, and student receivables. Receivables totaling \$987,999 for reimbursements from Federal and State agencies related to grant awards, \$35,748,022 from miscellaneous sources, and \$23,916,794 for student receivables.
- Capital assets had a net decrease of \$6,549,009. The District had additions of \$17,939,049 related to construction in progress. Depreciation expense of \$24,488,058 was recognized during 2021-22. Additional information related to capital assets is found in Note 6 of the financial statements.
- Accounts payable are amounts due as of the fiscal year end for goods and services received as of June 30, 2022. Total accounts payable are \$33,668,808; \$8,244,147 of the balance was accrued in the Capital Projects fund, Bond fund, and Special Revenue fund related to capital outlay with the remaining \$25,424,661 due to vendors and suppliers in the normal course of business.
- The District's noncurrent liabilities primarily consist of bonds payable, related to the issuance of Election 2000 Series B, C, and D of the District General Obligation Bonds; Election 2006 Series A, B, and C of the District General Obligation Bonds; Election 2018 Series A of the District General Obligation Bonds and Other Post-Employment Benefit Bonds. The face value of these General Obligation Bonds at the time of initial sale totaled \$727.7 million, and \$626.4 million represents the remaining long-term debt to satisfy these obligations. Additional information related to long-term obligations is found in Note 10 of the financial statements.

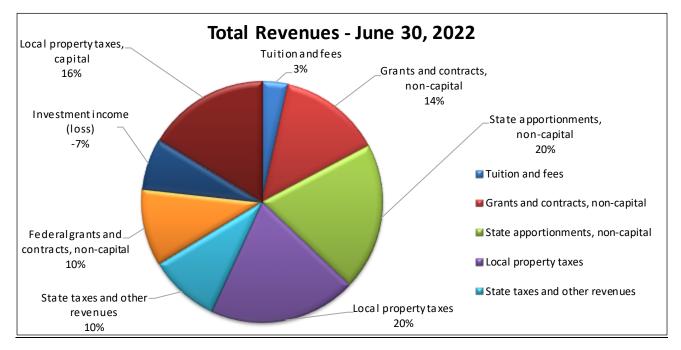
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

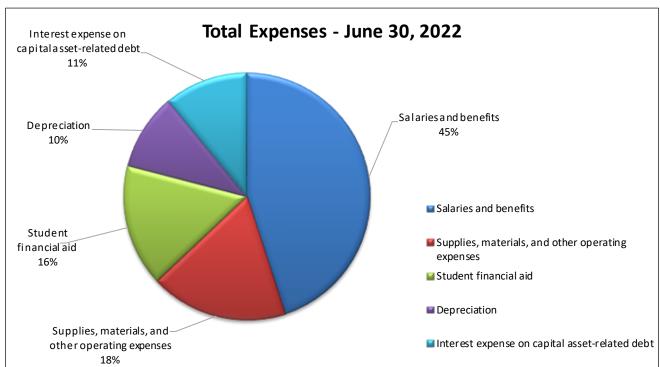
The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position presents the financial results of the District's operations, as well as its nonoperating activities. The distinction between these two activities involves the concepts of exchange and nonexchange. Operating activities are those in which a direct payment or exchange is made for the receipt of specified goods or services. For example, tuition fees paid by the student are considered an exchange for instructional services. The receipt of State apportionments and property taxes, however, do not include this exchange relationship between the payment and receipt of specified goods or services. These revenues and related expenses are classified as nonoperating activities. It is because of the methodology used to categorize between operating and nonoperating, combined with the fact that the primary source of funding that supports the District's instructional activities comes from State apportionment and local property taxes, results in a net operating loss for the District's operations.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position for the years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, is summarized below:

	2022		2021	Change
OPERATING REVENUES				
Tuition and fees	\$ 11,211,431	\$	18,476,088	\$ (7,264,657)
Grants and contracts, non-capital	46,884,362		55,205,369	(8,321,007)
Total Operating Revenues	58,095,793		73,681,457	(15,585,664)
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Salaries and benefits	110,273,255	;	145,377,089	(35,103,834)
Supplies, materials, and other operating expenses	45,506,566	,	46,329,686	(823,120)
Student financial aid	39,018,190)	33,759,232	5,258,958
Depreciation	24,488,058	}	23,640,105	847,953
Total Operating Expenses	219,286,069)	249,106,112	(29,820,043)
Operating Loss	(161,190,276	j)	(175,424,655)	14,234,379
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
State apportionments, non-capital	65,913,800)	59,979,690	5,934,110
Local property taxes	69,272,256	;	65,421,970	3,850,286
State taxes and other revenues	31,118,172		7,481,541	23,636,631
Federal grants and contracts, non-capital	35,291,462		28,043,570	7,247,892
Investment income (loss), non-capital	(23,571,834	.)	42,748,947	(66,320,781)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	178,023,856)	203,675,718	(25,651,862)
OTHER REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Investment income, capital	606,583		955,259	(348,676)
Interest expense on capital asset-related debt	(28,252,089)	(29,245,749)	993,660
Local property taxes, capital	56,135,119)	56,485,616	(350,497)
Change in Net Position	45,323,193		56,446,189	(12,116,656)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	(269,023,813)	(327,275,194)	58,251,381
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT			1,805,192	(1,805,192)
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ (223,700,620) \$	(269,023,813)	\$ 44,329,533

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, continued





Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, continued

- The primary components of tuition and fees are the \$46 per unit enrollment fee that is charged to all students registering for classes and the additional \$258 per unit fee that is charged to all non-resident students.
- Personnel costs across all funds account for 45 percent of operating expenses in fiscal year 2022 compared to 60 percent in 2021. The balance of operating expenses is for supplies, materials, other operating expenses, financial aid, equipment, maintenance, and depreciation expense.
- The principal components of the District's nonoperating revenue are: capital Federal and State grants, State apportionment, local property taxes, other State funding, and interest income. With the exception of interest income, the majority of this revenue is received to support the District's instructional activities. The amount of State general apportionment received by the District is dependent upon the number of FTES generated and reported to the State, less amounts received from enrollment fees and local property taxes. Increases in either of the latter two revenue-categories lead to a corresponding decrease in apportionment.

A schedule of functional expenses is displayed below:

			Supplies, Material, and			
	Salaries and	O	ther Operating	Financial		
	 Benefits		Expenses	Aid	Depreciation	Total
Instructional activities	\$ 47,115,384	\$	4,058,517	\$ 3,970	\$ - \$	51,177,872
Academic support	12,417,229		2,291,260	8,205	-	14,716,694
Student services	21,596,609		4,659,418	271,250	-	26,527,276
Operation and maintenance of plant	4,118,558		6,244,079	-	-	10,362,637
Institutional Support	21,686,215		15,893,477	8,146,456	-	45,726,149
Community services and economic development	184,955		39,329	-	-	224,283
Ancillary services and auxiliary operations	2,374,044		1,133,961	-	-	3,508,005
Student aid	1,726		171	30,588,309	-	30,590,206
Physical property, interest and other outgo	778,535		15,438,215	-	-	16,216,750
Other Outgo	-		(4,251,861)	-	-	(4,251,861)
Depreciation expense	 -		-	-	24,488,058	24,488,058
Total	\$ 110,273,255	\$	45,506,566	\$ 39,018,190	\$ 24,488,058 \$	219,286,069

Statement of Cash Flows

The Statement of Cash Flows provides information about cash receipts and cash payments during the fiscal year. This Statement also helps users assess the District's ability to generate positive cash flows, meet obligations as they come due, and the need for external financing. The Statement of Cash Flows is divided into five parts. The first part reflects operating cash flows and shows the net cash used by the operating activities of the District. The second part details cash received for nonoperating, non-investing, and noncapital financing purposes. The third part shows cash flows from capital and related financing activities. It deals with the cash used for the acquisition and construction of capital and related items. The fourth part provides information from investing activities and the amount of interest received. The last section reconciles the net cash used by operating activities to the operating loss reflected on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position.

The Statement of Cash Flows for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, is summarized below:

Cash Provided by (Used by)	 2022	2021	Change
Operating activities	\$ (181,990,679)	\$ (169,415,027)	\$ (12,575,652)
Noncapital financing activities	201,582,607	158,336,820	43,245,787
Capital financing activities	(35,865,520)	(20,941,536)	(14,923,984)
Investing activities	 20,226,849	7,183,133	13,043,716
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash	\$ 3,953,257	\$ (24,836,610)	\$ 28,789,867

- Cash receipts from operating activities are from student tuition. Use of cash is for payments to employees, vendors, and students related to the instructional program.
- State apportionment received based on the workload measures generated by the District accounts for 32.7 percent and 36.3 percent of noncapital financing for fiscal years 2022 and 2021, respectively. Cash received from property taxes accounts for 34.4 percent in fiscal year 2022 and 41.3percent in fiscal year 2021 of the cash generated in this section.
- The majority of the activity in the capital and related financing activities is for the purchase of capital assets (buildings, building improvements, and equipment).
- Cash from investing activities is purchase of investments and investment income for interest earned on cash in bank and cash invested through the Alameda County pool, and on investments with local banking institutions.

Aggregate Net Pension Liability (NPL)

At year end, the District has an aggregate net pension liability of \$91,167,952 versus \$159,913,929 last year, a decrease of \$68,745,977 or 43 percent.

Other Postemployment Benefits Obligation (OPEB)

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the District implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. These standards apply to all public employers that pay any part of the cost of retiree health benefits for current or future retirees. The District's has a total OPEB liability (TOL) of \$202,594,883 as of June 30, 2022.

In December 2005, the District issued \$153,749,832 aggregate principal amount of Taxable 2005 Limited Obligation OPEB (Other Postemployment Benefits) Bonds to fund a \$150,000,000 deposit to the Retiree Health Benefit Program Fund. The Retiree Health Benefit Program Fund has been invested in various financial instruments as directed by the District's Retirement Board of Authority and/or an investment advisor as selected by the Retirement Board of Authority. The District may cause a draw from the Retiree Health Benefit Fund for the payment of Retiree Health Benefit Costs or defeasance of Outstanding Bonds. From time to time, the District has made deposits and withdrawals from the Retiree Health Benefit Program Fund in accordance with the Indenture of Trust. As of June 30, 2022, the balance of the Retiree Health Benefit Program Fund was \$1,146,202.

Economic Factors that May Affect the Future

The District continues to focus its efforts in enhancing strategic enrollment management designed to provide excellent educational opportunities. The District looks forward with continued cautious optimism that has served it well over the recent past. Importantly, the District has begun engaging in marketing and educational programming strategies, hopeful that these endeavors position it to meet with vigor, the post-pandemic environment in 2021-22 and thereafter. The State economy is improved but yet uncertain: property taxes and personal income taxes are forecasted to increase, albeit slightly, over the next year, and the extension of Proposition 30 via the November 2018 ballot (Proposition 55) bodes well. The Legislative Analyst's Office, in its most recent assessment, derives an "improved outlook" with an emphasis on economic recovery from an operational deficit as a result of the impact of the pandemic – e.g. – tax credits – incentives for job creation - workforce investments – rebuilding of reserves.

With respect to the State's economy, a slight increase in funding is projected for the California community colleges in the form of targeted, restricted resources – additional unrestricted funds would assist with the continued rise in operating costs, the most substantial being, of course, the escalating costs of STRS and PERS.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, or need any additional financial information, contact the District at: Peralta Community College District, 333 East 8th Street, Oakland, California 94606.



PERALTA COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	40,417,738
Accounts receivable, net		64,661,309
Inventory		89,919
Prepaid expenses		9,620,143
Total Current Assets		114,789,109
Noncurrent Assets:		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		112,865,508
Restricted investments		188,160,574
Capital assets, net		436,712,184
Total Noncurrent Assets		737,738,266
TOTAL ASSETS		852,527,375
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows related to bond refundings		13,114,430
Interest rate SWAP		22,779,143
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		2,016,098
Deferred outflows related to pensions		32,610,938
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		70,520,609
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	923,047,984
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	33,795,361
Accrued interest payable	Ψ	9,667,397
Unearned revenue		27,967,582
Long-term debt, current portion		53,712,313
Total Current Liabilities		125,142,653
Noncurrent Liabilities:		123,142,033
Compensated absences		11,513,689
Net OPEB liability		202,594,883
Net pension liability		91,167,952
Long-term debt, non-current portion		630,010,620
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		935,287,144
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,060,429,797
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,000,423,737
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Interest rate SWAP		22,779,143
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		
		1,554,814
Deferred inflows related to pensions TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		61,984,850 86,318,807
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		48,378,992
Restricted for:		70,310,332
Debt service		50,545,060
Capital projects		18,130,400
Scholarships and loans		(1,634,494)
·		
Other special purposes Unrestricted		8,394,348
		(347,514,926)
TOTAL HARM THE PREFERENCE INTO ONE OF RECOURSES AND NET POSITION		(223,700,620)
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION		923,047,984

PERALTA COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

OPERATING REVENUES	
Tuition and fees	\$ 18,245,778
Less: Scholarship discounts and allowances	 (7,034,347)
Net tuition and fees	 11,211,431
Grants and contracts, non-capital	
Federal	21,969,717
State	20,081,945
Local	 4,832,700
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	 58,095,793
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Salaries and benefits	110,273,255
Supplies, materials, and other operating expenses and services	45,506,566
Student aid	39,018,190
Depreciation	 24,488,058
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	 219,286,069
OPERATING LOSS	 (161,190,276)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
State apportionments, non-capital	65,913,800
Local property taxes	69,272,256
State taxes and other revenues	31,118,172
Federal grants and contracts, non-capital	35,291,462
Investment income (loss), non-capital	 (23,571,834)
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	 178,023,856
INCOME BEFORE OTHER REVENUES, EXPENSES, GAINS, OR LOSSES	16,833,580
OTHER REVENUES, EXPENSES, GAINS AND LOSSES	
Investment income, capital	606,583
Interest expense on capital asset-related debt	(28,252,089)
Local property taxes, capital	 56,135,119
TOTAL OTHER REVENUES, EXPENSES, GAINS AND LOSSES	 28,489,613
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	45,323,193
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	 (269,023,813)
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ (223,700,620)

PERALTA COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Payments to employees	11,189,850 57,215,896 (29,264,614) (110,858,556) (110,273,255) (181,990,679)
Payments to students Payments to vendors Payments to employees Net Cash Used by Operating Activities CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES State apportionments	(29,264,614) (110,858,556) (110,273,255)
Payments to vendors Payments to employees Net Cash Used by Operating Activities CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES State apportionments	(110,858,556) (110,273,255)
Payments to employees Net Cash Used by Operating Activities CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES State apportionments	(110,273,255)
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES State apportionments	
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES State apportionments	(181,990,679)
State apportionments	
Federal grants and contracts	65,913,800
reactar grants and contracts	35,291,462
Local property taxes	69,272,256
State taxes and other apportionments	31,118,172
Contributions to trusts	(13,083)
Net Cash Provided by Non-capital Financing Activities	201,582,607
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Net purchase and sale of capital assets	(17,939,049)
Local property taxes for capital purposes	56,135,119
Principal paid on capital debt	(43,264,376)
Interest received on capital debt	606,583
Interest paid on capital debt	(31,403,797)
Net Cash Used by Capital Financing Activities	(35,865,520)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest received (paid) from investments	(23,571,834)
Net investment activity	43,798,683
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	20,226,849
NET INCREASE IN CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS	3,953,257
CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	
CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR \$	149,329,989

PERALTA COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT **STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS** FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH
USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES

ISED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Operating loss	\$ (161,190,276)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by	
Operating Activities:	
Depreciation expense	24,488,058
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	
Accounts receivables, net	617,566
Inventories	24,620
Prepaid expenses	(8,835,327)
Deferred outflows of resources	6,545,479
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	9,753,576
Unearned revenue	9,692,387
Compensated absences	1,328,542
Net OPEB liability	(46,863,239)
Net pension liability	(68,745,977)
Deferred inflows of resources	 51,193,912
Total Adjustments	 (20,800,403)
Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities	\$ (181,990,679)
PLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS	
On-Behalf Payments for Benefits	\$ 5.929.270

SUPP

On-Behalf Payments for Benefits \$ 5,929,270

PERALTA COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

		OPEB		
	T	rust Fund		
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,146,202		
Total Assets		1,146,202		
NET POSITION				
Restricted - OPEB		1,146,202		
Total Net Position	\$	1,146,202		

PERALTA COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	T	OPEB Trust Fund		
OPERATING REVENUES:				
Interest and investment income (loss)	\$	(179,314)		
Total Operating Revenues		(179,314)		
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Other operating expenses		1,365		
Total Operating Expenses		1,365		
Net Change in Net Position Net Position - Beginning of Year		(180,679) 1,326,881		
Net Position - End of Year	\$	1,146,202		

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION

Peralta Community College District (the District) was established in 1964 as a political subdivision of the state of California and is a comprehensive, public, two-year institution offering educational services to residents of the surrounding area. The District operates under a locally elected seven-member board of trustees form of government, which establishes the policies and procedures by which the District operates. The board of trustees must approve the annual budgets for the General Fund, special revenue funds, and capital project funds, but these budgets are managed at the department level. Currently, the District operates four college campuses located in Alameda, Oakland, and Berkeley, California. While the District is a political subdivision of the state of California, it is legally separate and is independent of other state and local governments, and it is not a component unit of the State in accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 61. The District is classified as a Public Educational Institution under Internal Revenue Code Section 115 and is, therefore, exempt from Federal taxes.

Financial Reporting Entity

The District has adopted GASB Statement No. 61, Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units. This Statement amends GASB Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, to provide additional guidance to determine whether certain organizations, for which the District is not financially accountable, should be reported as component units based on the nature and significance of their relationship with the District. The three components used to determine the presentation are: providing a "direct benefit", the "environment and ability to access/influence reporting", and the "significance" criterion. As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, the financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, the District. Peralta Community College District and the Golden West Financing Authority, as represented by the 2005 General Obligation Revenue Bonds, Series B, have a financial and operational relationship that meets the reporting definition antenna of GASB Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, for the inclusion of the related debt. Therefore, the related debt has been included in the financial statements of the District. The following entity does not meet the above criteria for inclusion as a component unit of the District.

Peralta Colleges Foundation, Inc.

Peralta Colleges Foundation, Inc. (the Foundation) is a legally separate, tax-exempt organization. The Foundation acts primarily as a fundraising organization to provide grants and scholarships to students and support to employees, programs, and departments of the District. Although the District does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the Foundation, the majority of resources or income thereon that the Foundation holds and invests is restricted to the activities of the District by the donors. Because the number of receipts from the Foundation is insignificant to the District as a whole, the Foundation is not considered a component unit of the District with the inclusion of the statements as a discretely presented component unit. Financial statements for the Foundation can be obtained from the Foundation's Business Office at 333 East 8th Street, Oakland, California 94606.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

For financial reporting purposes, the District is considered a special-purpose government engaged only in business-type activities as defined by GASB Statements No. 34 and No. 35 as amended by GASB Statements No. 37, No. 38, and No. 39. This presentation provides a comprehensive government-wide perspective of the District's assets, liabilities, activities, and cash flows and replaces the fund group perspective previously required. Accordingly, the District's financial statements have been presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The significant accounting policies followed by the District in preparing these financial statements are in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by GASB. Additionally, the District's policies comply with the California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office Budget and Accounting Manual. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when an obligation has been incurred. All material intra-agency and intra-fund transactions have been eliminated.

Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are classified as operating revenues. These transactions are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, operating revenues consist primarily of student fees and noncapital grants and contracts.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include State apportionments, property taxes, federal and state financial aid grants, entitlements, and donations. Property tax revenue is recognized in the fiscal year received. State apportionment revenue is earned based upon criteria set forth from the Community Colleges chancellor's office and includes reporting of full-time equivalent students (FTES) attendance. The corresponding apportionment revenue is recognized in the period the FTES are generated. Revenue from federal and state financial aid grants are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements may include time and/or purpose requirements.

Operating expenses are costs incurred to provide instructional services including support costs, auxiliary services, and depreciation of capital assets. All other expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating.

Expenses are recorded on the accrual basis as they are incurred, when goods are received, or services are rendered.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation, continued

The financial statements are presented in accordance with the reporting model as prescribed in GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments*, and GASB Statement No. 35, *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for Public Colleges and Universities*, as amended by GASB Statements No. 37, No. 38, No. 39, and No. 61. The business- type activities model followed by the District requires the following components of the District's financial statements:

- Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Basic Financial Statements for the District as a whole including:
 - Statement of Net Position Primary Government
 - o Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Primary Government
 - o Statement of Cash Flows Primary Government
 - o Financial Statements for the Fiduciary Funds including:
 - Statement of Fiduciary Net Position
 - Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
- Notes to the Financial Statements

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be unrestricted cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term unrestricted investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash equivalents also include unrestricted cash with county treasury balances for purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows.

Investments

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, Accounting and Financial Reporting for, investments held at June 30, 2022, are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year end. Short-term investments have an original maturity date greater than three months, but less than one year at time of purchase. Long-term investments have an original maturity of greater than one year at the time of purchase.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets arise when restrictions on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments or imposed by enabling legislation. Restricted assets represent investments required to be set aside by the District for the purpose of satisfying certain requirements.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable include amounts due from the Federal, State, and/or local governments or private sources, in connection with reimbursement of allowable expenditures made pursuant to the District's grants and contracts. Accounts receivable also consist of tuition and fee charges to students and auxiliary enterprise services provided to students, faculty, and staff, the majority of each residing in the state of California. The District has recorded an allowance for uncollectible related to student receivables. The allowance is based upon management's estimates and analysis. The allowance was estimated at \$10,541,673 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses represent payments made to vendors and others for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2022.

Inventories

Inventories consist primarily of operating supplies. Inventories are stated at cost, utilizing the weighted average method. The cost is recorded as an expense as the inventory is consumed.

Lease Receivable

The District's lease receivable is measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term. Under the lease agreement, the District may receive variable lease payments that are dependent upon the lessee's revenue. Any variable payments are recorded as an inflow of resources in the period the payment is received.

A deferred inflow of resources is recorded for the lease. The deferred inflow of resources is recorded at the initiation of the lease in an amount equal to the initial recording of the lease receivable. The deferred inflow of resources is amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Intangible Right of Use Assets

The District has recorded intangible right of use assets as a result of implementing GASB 87. The right to use assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right to use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets are long-lived assets of the District as a whole and include land, construction in progress, buildings, leasehold improvements, and equipment. The District maintains an initial unit cost capitalization threshold of \$50,000 and an estimated useful life greater than one year. Assets are recorded at historical cost, or estimated historical cost, when purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. Improvements to buildings and land that significantly increase the value or extend the useful life of the asset are capitalized; the costs of routine maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are charged as an operating expense in the year in which the expense was incurred. Major outlays for capital improvements are capitalized as construction in progress as the projects are constructed. Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded utilizing the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows: buildings, 50 years; improvements, 20 to 40 years; equipment, 5 to 20 years; vehicles, 5 to 10 years.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the governmentwide financial statements.

Hedging Derivative Instruments (Interest Rate SWAPS)

The District accounts for derivatives in accordance with GASB Statement No. 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments, (GASB Statement No. 53). GASB Statement No. 53 requires that hedging derivative instruments (Hedging Transactions) be recorded at fair value and establishes certain requirements for revenue recognition, measurement, and disclosure related to Hedging Transactions. The District's Hedging Transactions have been tested for effectiveness under the guidelines prescribed by GASB Statement No. 53. The District utilized one of the three quantitative methods required by GASB Statement No. 53, the dollar-off set method.

Debt Premiums

Debt premiums are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

Deferred Charges on Refunding

Deferred charges on refunding is amortized using the straight-line method over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position also reports deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The District reports deferred outflows of resources for deferred charges on refunding of debt, interest rate SWAPs, for pension related items and OPEB related items. In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The District reports deferred inflows of resources for interest rate SWAPs, pension related items and OPEB related items.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan for schools (the Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalSTRS and CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Member contributions are recognized in the period in which they are earned. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

Medicare Premium Liability

For purposes of measuring the District's liability related to the Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program, the fiduciary net position of the MPP Program and additions to/deductions from the MPP Program fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the MPP Program. There are no significant deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources related to the MPP Program or for MPP Program expenses. For this purpose, the MPP Program recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The MPP Program reports its investments at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost. The related liability for the District's proportionate share of the MPP Program is reported in the financial statements; as the plan is not material additional disclosures are not included.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense, information about the District's OPEB Plan and the CalSTRS Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by District's OPEB Plan and MPP. For this purpose, the District's OPEB Plan and MPP recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. The District also participates in "load-banking" with eligible academic employees whereby the employee may teach extra courses in one period in exchange for time off in another period. The liability for this benefit is reported on the government-wide financial statements. Sick leave is accumulated without limit for each employee based upon negotiated contracts. Leave with pay is provided when employees are absent for health reasons; however, the employees do not gain a vested right to accumulated sick leave. Employees are never paid for any sick leave balance at termination of employment or any other time. Therefore, the value of accumulated sick leave is not recognized as a liability in the District's financial statements. However, retirement credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all classified employees who retire after January 1, 1999. At retirement, each member will receive .004 year of service credit for each day of unused sick leave. Retirement credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all academic employees and is determined by dividing the number of unused sick days by the number of base service days required to complete the last school year, if employed full time.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized. Unearned revenue includes (1) amounts received for tuition and fees prior to the end of the fiscal year that are related to the subsequent fiscal year and (2) amounts received from federal and state grants received before the eligibility requirements are met.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

Noncurrent Liabilities

Noncurrent liabilities include general obligation bonds, OPEB bond obligations, compensated absences, claims liability, load banking, the aggregate net OPEB liability, and the aggregate net pension obligation with maturities greater than one year.

Net Position

GASB Statements No. 34 and No. 35 report equity as "Net Position" and represent the difference between assets and liabilities. The net position is classified according to imposed restrictions or availability of assets for satisfaction of District obligations according to the following net asset categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding principal balances of debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. To the extent debt has been incurred, but not yet expended for capital assets, such accounts are not included as a component invested in capital assets.

Restricted - Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use, either through enabling legislation adopted by the District, or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The District first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available.

Unrestricted - Net position that is not subject to externally imposed constraints. Unrestricted net position may be designated for specific purposes by action of the Board of Trustees or may otherwise be limited by contractual agreements with outside parties. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first and the unrestricted resources when they are needed.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Classification of Revenues

The District has classified its revenues as either operating or nonoperating. Certain significant revenue streams relied upon for operation are classified as nonoperating as defined by GASB Statements No. 34 and No. 35. Classifications are as follows:

Operating Revenues - Operating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of exchange transactions such as student tuition and fees, net of scholarship discounts and allowances, and Federal, State, and local grants and contracts.

Nonoperating Revenues - Nonoperating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions such as State apportionments, property taxes, investment income, gifts and contributions, federal subsidies for PELL, and other revenue sources defined in GASB Statements No. 34 and No. 35.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

Operating Revenues and Expenses, continued

Classification of Expenses

Nearly all of the District's expenses are from exchange transactions and are classified as either operating or nonoperating according to the following criteria:

Operating Expenses - Operating expenses are necessary costs to provide the services of the District and include employee salaries and benefits, supplies, operating expenses, and student financial aid.

Nonoperating Expenses - Nonoperating expenses include interest expense and other expenses not directly related to the services of the District.

State Apportionments

Certain current year apportionments from the State are based on financial and statistical information of the previous year. Any corrections due to the recalculation of the apportionment are made in February of the subsequent year. When known and measurable, these recalculations and corrections are accrued in the year in which the FTES are generated.

Property Taxes

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. The Alameda County Assessor is responsible for assessment of all taxable real property. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County of Alameda bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded in the unrestricted General Fund when received.

The voters of the District passed a general obligation bond in 2006 for the acquisition, construction, and remodeling of certain District property. As a result of the passage of the bond, property taxes are assessed on the property within the District specifically for the repayment of the debt incurred. The taxes are assessed, billed, and collected as noted above and set aside for repayment to the bond holders in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. The voters of the District passed a Parcel Tax (Measure B) on June 5, 2012, for the general revenues of the District. The parcel tax levies \$48 per parcel for eight years to provide for core academic programs, training, and education of students attending the District and transferring to university. The taxes are assessed, billed, and collected as noted above and remitted to the District when collected.

In addition, the voters of the District passed a Parcel Tax (Measure E) on November 6, 2018, for the general revenues of the District. The parcel tax levies \$48 per parcel for eight years to provide for core academic programs, training, and education of students attending the District and transferring to university. The taxes are assessed, billed, and collected as noted above and remitted to the District when collected.

Scholarships, Discounts, and Allowances

Student tuition and fee revenue is reported net of scholarships, discounts, and allowances. Fee waivers approved by the board of governors are included within the scholarships, discounts, and allowances in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. Scholarship discounts and allowances represent the difference between stated charges for enrollment fees and the amount that is paid by students or third parties making payments on the students' behalf.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

Federal Financial Assistance Programs

The District participates in federally funded Pell Grants, Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants (FSEOG), and Federal Work-Study programs, as well as other programs funded by the Federal government. Financial aid to students is either reported as operating expenses or scholarship allowances, which reduce revenues. The amount reported as operating expense represents the portion of aid that was provided to the student in the form of cash. Scholarship allowances represent the portion of aid provided to students in the form of reduced tuition. These programs are audited in accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Interfund Activity

Interfund transfers and interfund receivables and payables for are eliminated during the consolidation process in the Primary Government and Fiduciary Funds' financial statements, respectively.

Risks and Uncertainties

The Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) has recently affected global markets, supply chains, employees of companies and our communities. Management of the organization is taking appropriate actions to mitigate the impact. However, the full impact of COVID-19 is unknown and cannot be reasonably estimated as of June 30, 2022.

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the State; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered State warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium-term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; and collateralized mortgage obligations.

Investment in County Treasury

In accordance with the Budget and Accounting Manual, the District maintains substantially all of its cash in the county treasury as part of the common investment pool. The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the Alameda County Investment Pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro- rata share of the fair value provided by the county treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the Alameda County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS, continued

Other Investments

The District maintains investments outside the Alameda County Investment Pool as allowed by the District's investment policy. The District relies on a third party investment firm to manage the investment portfolio. The investments are stated at fair value.

General Authorizations

Limitations as they relate to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk are indicated in the schedules below:

	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum
Authorized	Remaining	Percentage of	Investment in
Investment Type	Maturity	Portfolio	One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Obligations	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

Authorized Under Debt Agreements

Investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees are governed by provisions of the debt agreements rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code.

Summary of Deposits and Investments

Deposits and investments as of June 30 consist of the following:

Cash on hand and in banks	\$ 28,161,913
Cash in revolving	53,901
Investments	313,228,006
Total Deposits and Investments	\$ 341,443,820

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS, continued

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the Alameda County Investment Pool and various short-term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations. The District maintains an investment of \$125,067,432 with the Alameda County Investment Pool with a weighted maturity of 548 days. Additionally, OPEB bond proceeds of \$188,160,574 and \$1,146,202 in an OPEB Trust have been invested in other instruments which equate to the CalPERS investment strategy.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The District's investments in the Alameda County Investment Pool and OPEB Trust are not required to be rated, nor have they been rated as of June 30, 2022.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under State law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105% of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2022, the District's bank balance of \$29,216,340 was not collateralized.

NOTE 4 – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

Level 1 - Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets that the District has the ability to access at the measurement date. Level 1 assets may include debt and equity securities that are traded in an active exchange market and that are highly liquid and are actively traded in over-the-counter markets.

Level 2 - Observable inputs, other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable, such as interest rates and curves observable at commonly quoted intervals, implied volatilities, and credit spreads. For financial reporting purposes, if an asset has a specified term, a Level 2 input is required to be observable for substantially the full term of the asset.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs should be developed using the best information available under the circumstances, which might include the District's own data. The District should adjust that data if reasonably available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or certain circumstances specific to the District are not available to other market participants.

Uncategorized - Investments in the Alameda County Investment Pool are not measured using the input levels above because the District's transactions are based on a stable net asset value per share. All contributions and redemptions are transacted at \$1.00 net asset value per share.

All assets have been valued using a market approach, with quoted market prices.

NOTE 5 – ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2022, consisted primarily of intergovernmental grants, entitlements, interest, and other local sources.

Federal Government	\$ 3,868,112
State Government	987,999
Miscellaneous	35,888,404
Subtotal	40,744,515
Student Receivables	34,458,467
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	(10,541,673)
Student Receivables, Net	23,916,794
Total	\$ 64,661,309

NOTE 6 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the primary government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Balance					Balance
	 July 1, 2021	Additions	ns Deductions		June 30, 2022	
Capital Assets not being Depreciated						
Land	\$ 11,913,296	\$ -	\$	-	\$	11,913,296
Construction in progress	 57,791,840	17,939,048		9,632,306		66,098,582
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	69,705,136	17,939,048		9,632,306		78,011,878
Capital Assets Being Depreciated						
Buildings	315,313,940	166,594		-		315,480,534
Site improvements	287,628,933	9,272,526		-		296,901,459
Software and IT development	39,000,088	-		-		39,000,088
Machinery and equipment	 61,726,075	193,187		-		61,919,262
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	703,669,036	9,632,307		-		713,301,343
Total Capital Assets	 773,374,172	27,571,355		9,632,306		791,313,221
Less Accumulated Depreciation						
Buildings	148,587,196	5,330,346		-		153,917,542
Site improvements	92,548,284	13,843,221		-		106,391,505
Software and IT development	36,396,649	1,276,746		-		37,673,395
Machinery and equipment	52,580,850	4,037,745		-		56,618,595
Total Accumulated Depreciation	330,112,979	24,488,058		=		354,601,037
Net Capital Assets	\$ 443,261,193	\$ 3,083,297	\$	9,632,306	\$	436,712,184

Depreciation expense of \$24,488,058 was recorded during the year.

NOTE 7 ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

Accounts payable at June 30, 2022 consists of the following:

Construction	\$ 8,244,147
Other Vendors and Supplies	25,551,214
Total unearned revenue	\$ 33,795,361

NOTE 8 – UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2022 consists of the following:

Federal Government	\$ 268,705
State Government	20,981,523
Enrollment Fees	6,604,119
Other Local	113,235
Total unearned revenue	\$ 27,967,582

NOTE 9 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund Receivables and Payables (Due To/Due From)

Interfund transfers consist of operating transfers from funds receiving resources to funds through which the resources are to be expended. Interfund receivables and payables result when the interfund transfer is transacted after the close of the fiscal year. Interfund activity within funds has been eliminated in the basic financial statements.

NOTE 10 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A schedule of changes in long-term obligations during the fiscal year June 30, 2022 consist of the following:

	Balance	A 1 192	5 1 .:	Balance	Due Within
	July 1, 2021	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2022	One Year
General obligation bonds					
Measure G (2000)					
Construction bonds payable	\$ 180,520,000	=	12,900,000	167,620,000	12,945,000
Premium	21,522,577	-	1,666,430	19,856,147	1,666,430
Measure A (2006)					
Construction bonds payable	206,685,000	-	3,290,000	203,395,000	4,350,000
Premium	31,775,349	-	2,230,515	29,544,834	2,230,515
Measure E (2018)					
Construction bonds payable	50,000,000	-	21,795,000	28,205,000	21,855,000
Premium	2,621,057	-	87,971	2,533,086	87,971
Limited Obligation Bonds					
Other postemployment benefits					
(OPEB) bonds payable	133,284,008	-	5,279,376	128,004,632	6,082,979
Accreted interest	94,699,021	8,692,819	4,210,987	99,180,853	4,494,418
Other long-term obligations					
Claims liability	5,383,381	-	-	5,383,381	=
Compensated absences	7,861,203	1,486,476	-	9,347,679	-
Load banking	2,323,944	-	157,934	2,166,010	-
Medicare premium payment plan	550,921	-	21,524	529,397	-
Net OPEB liability	248,907,201	-	46,841,715	202,065,486	-
Net Pension liability	159,913,929		68,745,977	91,167,952	
Total long-term obligation	\$ 1,146,047,591	\$ 10,179,295	\$ 167,227,429	\$ 988,999,457	\$ 53,712,313

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS, continued

Liabilities for compensated absences, pension liabilities, and OPEB obligations are liquidated by the governmental fund in which associated salaries are reported. General obligation bond liabilities are liquidated through property tax collections as administered by the County Controller's office through the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. Debt service payments on the Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Bonds will be made from the Unrestricted General Fund and the Deferred Compensation Trust Fund. The District participates in the Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program of the California State Teachers' Retirement Plan (the STRP). The District's proportionate share of the liability is 0.1300%. As the plan activity and the District's proportionate share of the total OPEB liability is not significant, additional disclosures regarding the plan are not included in these financial statements.

The District has three general obligation bonds that were authorized by an election held within the District. The bonds were authorized to finance specific construction and modernization projects and furnish and equip District facilities.

The outstanding general obligation debt is as follows:

					Bonds
					Outstanding
Series	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original Issue	June 30, 2022
2012 Refunding	3/28/2012	8/1/2034	2.00-5.00%	\$ 59,005,000	\$ 36,525,000
2014A Refunding	8/21/2014	8/1/2035	2.00-5.00%	127,505,000	99,030,000
2014B Refunding	8/21/2014	8/1/2032	2.00-5.00%	30,220,000	14,355,000
2020 Refunding	5/27/2020	8/1/2031	5.00%	19,550,000	17,710,000
Total Measure G (2000)					167,620,000
2016D	6/16/2016	8/1/2039	3.50%	50,000,000	50,000,000
2016A Refunding	6/16/2016	8/1/2039	3.00-5.00%	107,825,000	100,500,000
2020E-1	5/22/2020	8/1/2030	5.00%	53,625,000	52,895,000
Total Measure A (2006)					203,395,000
2020A					
Total Measure E (2018)	5/22/2020	8/1/2050	5.00%	50,000,000	28,205,000
					28,205,000
Total General Obligation Bonds	Payable				\$ 399,220,000

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NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS, continued

Proposition 39 General Obligation Bonds - Measure G (2000)

On November 7, 2000, \$153.2 million in general obligation bonds were authorized by an election (Measure G) held within the District. The annual debt service requirement to maturity for the general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest		
2023	\$ 12,945,000	\$	7,803,281	
2024	13,585,000		7,156,031	
2025	14,210,000		6,524,831	
2026	11,845,000		5,814,331	
2027	12,190,000		5,222,081	
2028 - 2032	77,285,000		16,177,700	
2033 - 2035	 25,560,000		1,996,038	
Total	\$ 167,620,000	\$	50,694,293	

Proceeds received in excess of debt are added to the maturity amount and amortized to interest expense over the life of the liability. The collective bonds included total premiums of \$19,856,147 which are amortized using the straight-line method. Amortization of \$1,666,430 was recognized during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, which includes premiums recognized for the refunded portion of bonds. The difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount on refunded debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense over the life of the new debt.

Proposition 39 General Obligation Bonds - Measure A (2006)

On June 6, 2006, \$390 million in general obligation bonds were authorized by an election (Measure A) held within the District.

The annual debt service requirement to maturity for the general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest
2023	\$ 4,350,000	\$ 9,163,725
2024	5,480,000	8,946,225
2025	6,705,000	8,672,225
2026	8,045,000	8,336,975
2027	9,485,000	7,934,725
2028 - 2032	52,530,000	31,401,625
2033 - 2037	61,185,000	19,767,050
2038 - 2040	55,615,000	4,569,000
Total	\$ 203,395,000	\$ 98,791,550

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS, continued

Proposition 39 General Obligation Bonds - Measure A (2006), continued

Proceeds received in excess of debt are added to the maturity amount and amortized to interest expense over the life of the liability. The collective bonds included total premiums of \$29,544,834 which are amortized using the straight-line method. Amortization of \$2,230,515 was recognized during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, which includes premiums recognized for the refunded portion of bonds. The difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount on refunded debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense over the life of the new debt.

Proposition 39 General Obligation Bonds - Measure E (2018)

On November 16, 2018, \$800 million in general obligation bonds were authorized by an election (Measure E) held within the District.

The annual debt service requirement to maturity for the general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal			Interest
2023	\$	21,855,000	\$	1,283,250
2024		-		190,500
2025		-		190,500
2026		-		190,500
2027		-		190,500
2028 - 2032		-		952,500
2033 - 2037		-		952,500
2038 - 2042		-		952,500
2043 - 2047		-		952,500
2048 - 2051		6,350,000		660,750
Total	\$	28,205,000	\$	6,516,000

Proceeds received in excess of debt are added to the maturity amount and amortized to interest expense over the life of the liability. The collective bonds included total premiums of \$2,533,086 which are amortized using the straight-line method. Amortization of \$87,971 was recognized during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, which includes premiums recognized for the refunded portion of bonds.

NOTE 11 – LIMITED OBLIGATION BONDS

Taxable 2005 Limited Obligation Other Postemployment Benefits Bonds

In December 2005, the District issued \$153,749,832 aggregate principal amount of Taxable 2005 Limited Obligation OPEB (Other Postemployment Benefits) Bonds to fund the District's obligation to pay certain health care benefits for certain retired District employees and pay certain costs of issuance. The bonds consisted of \$20,015,000 principal amount of fixed rate bonds, and \$133,734,832 initial principal amount of Convertible Auction Rate Securities. The Convertible Auction Rate Securities accrete to matured principal amount of \$394,225,000. Interest rates on the bonds range from 4.71% to 5.52%.

NOTE 11 - LIMITED OBLIGATION BONDS, continued

2006 Limited Obligation Other Postemployment Benefits Bond Modification and Restructuring

The OPEB Bonds issued in 2005 were subject to an amendment wherein Lehman Brothers purchased three maturities (2006, 2007, and 2008 except \$135,000) in 2006. This is outlined in the "Supplement to the Official Statement" dated as of October 25, 2006, relating to the Taxable 2005 Limited Obligation OPEB Bonds. The purpose of the amendment was to convert 2006, 2007, and 2008 original maturities into bonds maturing August 5, 2049. The vehicle used was a capital accretion type financing that the supplement indicates would fully accrete by August 5, 2009, and would have bonds that mature through August 1, 2049. This financing structure was developed to accommodate District wishes to reduce debt service in the initial years of the financing. Interest rate on the bonds is 6.250%.

2011 Taxable Refunding Bonds

In October 2011, the District refunded the District's outstanding 2009 Taxable OPEB Refunding Bonds. The refunding was a current legal defeasance of the previously issued bonds. The new refunding bonds carry interest rates ranging from 3.47% to 6.91% and mature annually through August 1, 2031. The proceeds of the refunding were used to refinance all of the District's outstanding obligation 2009 Taxable OPEB Refunding Bonds and paying costs of issuing. The bonds mature through 2050 as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Ad	ccreted Interest		Interest		Total
2023	\$ 6,082,979	\$	4,494,418	\$	4,951,497	\$	15,528,894
2024	6,771,611		4,966,804		4,330,958		16,069,373
2025	7,682,241		5,358,210		3,635,676		16,676,127
2026	7,807,999		4,278,470		4,413,301		16,499,770
2027	5,891,604		5,426,901		5,238,238		16,556,743
2028 - 2032	42,789,553		32,072,496		16,351,933		91,213,982
2033 - 2037	13,972,453		38,111,697		18,198,385		70,282,535
2038 - 2042	13,701,539		42,069,144		19,962,731		75,733,414
2043 - 2047	12,747,488		53,046,288		22,565,748		88,359,524
2048 - 2050	 10,557,165		44,778,789		4,283,798		59,619,752
Subtotal	128,004,632		234,603,217		103,932,265		466,540,114
Accumulated Accretion	99,180,853		(99,180,853)	•	-	•	-
Total	\$ 227,185,485	\$	135,422,364	\$	103,932,265	\$	466,540,114

Other Postemployment Benefits Letter of Credit

In August 2015, the District converted \$38,450,000 of Convertible Auction Rate Securities (CARS) to variable rate bonds with an LOC from Barclays Bank. As of June 30, 2022, the bonds carry Barclays Bank's short-term rating of VMIG-1 (Moody's Investors Service) and A-1 (Standard & Poor's).

NOTE 12 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the District reported an aggregate net OPEB liability, deferred outflows, and inflows of resources, and OPEB expense for the following plans:

		Net OPEB	De	ferred Outflows	Def	erred Inflows	OPEB
 OPEB Plan	Li	ability (Asset)		of Resources	С	f Resources	Expense
 District Plan - Pre-2004	\$	180,743,457	\$	-	\$	-	\$ (49,661,270)
District Plan - Post-2004	\$	21,322,029	\$	2,016,098	\$	1,554,814	\$ 2,102,751
MPP Program	\$	529,397	\$	-	\$	-	\$ (21,524)

The details of each plan are as follows:

District Plan - Pre-2004 Employees

Plan Administration

The District's governing board administers the Postemployment Benefits Plan (the Plan). The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan that is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) for eligible retirees and their spouses. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75. Management of the Plan is vested in the District management.

Plan Membership

At June 30 the Plan membership consists of the following:

	Number of
	Participants
Inactive Employees Receiving Benefits	637
Active Employees	168
	805

Benefits Provided

The Plan provides medical insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Benefits are provided through a third-party insurer, and the full cost of benefits is covered by the Plan. The District's governing board has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms as contained within the negotiated labor agreements.

Contributions

The contribution requirements of the Plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District, the bargaining units and unrepresented groups. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, with an additional amount to prefund benefits as determined annually by the District Board of Trustees. The District contributed \$10,711,357 to the Plan, all of which was used for current premiums.

NOTE 12 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS, continued

Funding Policy

District maintains a OPEB Lifetime Revocable Trust to designate resources for retiree health care costs. As described in Note 11, the District issued limited obligation bonds other postemployment benefit bonds to pay certain health care benefits for certain retired District employee. Proceeds from the limited obligation bonds are invested and maintained in the OPEB Lifetime Revocable Trust. Earnings are used to pay for pay as you go benefits. Committed resources in the fund totaled \$179,911,827 at June 30, 2022.

Total OPEB Liability of the District

The District's total OPEB liability of \$180,743,457 as measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Valuation date June 30, 2021 Measurement date June 30, 2022

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Inflation rate} & 2.50\% \\ \text{Investment rate of return} & 3.54\% \\ \text{Health care cost trend rate} & 4.00\% \\ \text{Payroll increase} & 2.75\% \\ \end{array}$

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer 20-bond General Obligation Index.

Mortality rates were based on the 2020 CalSTRS Mortality Table for certificated employees and the 2017 CalPERS Active Mortality for Miscellaneous and Schools Employees Table for classified employees. Mortality rates vary by age and sex (and sometimes retirement or disability status). If employees die prior to retirement, past contributions are available to fund benefits for employees who live to retirement. After retirement, death results in benefit termination or reduction. Although higher mortality rates reduce service costs, the mortality assumption is not likely to vary from employer to employer.

NOTE 12 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS, continued

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Increase/(Decrease)						
		Total OPEB	То	tal Fiduciary		Net OPEB	
		Liability	١	Net Position		Liability	
		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)	
Balance July 1, 2021	\$	230,404,727	\$	-	\$	230,404,727	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		4,155,000		-		4,155,000	
Interest on TOL		4,905,933		-		4,905,933	
Employer contributions		-		10,711,357		(10,711,357)	
Assumption changes		(29,815,613)		-		(29,815,613)	
Experience (gains)/losses		(18,195,233)		-		(18,195,233)	
Benefit payments		(10,711,357)		(10,711,357)		-	
Net change		(49,661,270)		-		(49,661,270)	
Balance June 30, 2022	\$	180,743,457	\$	-	\$	180,743,457	

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuation.

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.16% to 3.54% since the previous valuation.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or higher than the current rates:

	Discount	Discount	
	Rate	Discount	Rate
	1% Lower	Rate	1% Higher
	(2.54%)	(3.54%)	(4.54%)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 201,592,330	\$ 180,743,457	\$ 163,240,940

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are 1% lower or higher than the current health care costs trend rates:

		Healthcare	
	Trend Rate	Cost Trend	Trend Rate
	1% Lower	Rate	1% Higher
	(3.00%)	(4.00%)	(5.00%)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 161,838,556	\$ 180,743,457	\$ 203,271,505

NOTE 12 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS, continued

<u>District Plan – Post 2004 Employees</u>

Plan Administration

The District's governing board administers the Postemployment Benefits Plan (the Plan). The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan that is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) for eligible retirees and their spouses.

Plan Membership

At June 30, 2022, the Plan membership consists of the following:

	Number of
	Participants
Inactive Employees Receiving Benefits	20
Active Employees	630
	650

Peralta Community College District OPEB Trust

The District's OPEB Trust (the Trust) is an irrevocable governmental trust pursuant to Section 115 of the IRC for the purpose of funding certain postemployment benefits other than pensions. The Trust is administered by the Retiree Health Benefit Program Joint Powers Agency as directed by the investment alternative choice selected by the Board. The District retains the responsibility to oversee the management of the Trust, including the requirement that investments and assets held within the Trust continually adhere to the requirements of the California Government Code Section 53600.5 which specifies that the trustee's primary role is to preserve capital, to maintain investment liquidity, and to protect investment yield. As such, the District acts as the fiduciary of the Trust. The financial activity of the Trust has been discretely presented. Separate financial statements are not prepared for the Trust.

Benefits Provided

The Plan provides medical insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Benefits are provided through a third-party insurer, and the full cost of benefits is covered by the Plan. The District's governing board has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms as contained within the negotiated labor agreements.

Contributions

The contribution requirements of Plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District, the Peralta Federation of Teachers, the local California Service Employees Association (CSEA), and unrepresented groups. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, with an additional amount to prefund benefits as determined annually by the District Board of Trustees. The District contributed \$661,321 to the Plan, which was used for current premiums.

NOTE 12 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS, continued

Investment

Investment Policy

The Plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the governing board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the District to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risks through the prudent diversification for the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The Plan's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, expect for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocation over short time spans. The governing board's adopted asset allocation policy is included in actuarial assumptions below.

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the annual money-weighed rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was -13.62%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Net OPEB Liability of the District

The District's net OPEB liability of \$21,322,029 was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022.

Total OPEB liability	\$ 22,468,231
Plan fiduciary net position	1,146,202
District's net OPEB liability	\$ 21,322,029

Plan fiduciary net position as a

percentage of the total OPEB liability 5.10%

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Valuation date June 30, 2022 Measurement date June 30, 2022

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Inflation rate} & 2.50\% \\ \text{Investment rate of return} & 4.06\% \\ \text{Health care cost trend rate} & 4.00\% \\ \text{Payroll increase} & 2.75\% \\ \end{array}$

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer 20-bond General Obligation Index. Mortality rates were based on the 2020 CalSTRS

Mortality Table for certificated employees and the 2017 CalPERS Active Mortality for Miscellaneous and Schools Employees for classified employees. Mortality rates vary by age and sex (and sometimes retirement or disability status). If employees die prior to retirement, past contributions are available to fund benefits for employees who live to retirement. After retirement, death results in benefit termination or reduction. Although higher mortality rates reduce service costs, the mortality assumption is not likely to vary from employer to employer.

NOTE 12 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS, continued

Actuarial Assumptions, continued

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using historic 20 year real rates of return for each asset class along with assumed long-term inflation assumptions to set the discount rate. The expected investment return was offset by investment expenses of 25 basis points. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022, (see the discussion of the Plan's investment policy) are summarized herein.

		Long-Term
	Asset	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
US Large Cap	29%	7.55%
US Small Cap	13%	7.55%
All Foreign Stock	9%	7.55%
Other Fixed Income	49%	3.00%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 4.06%. All contributions are assumed to be from the employer. The interest assumption reflects a municipal bond rate; the Bond Buyer 20 Index at June 30, 2022 and the rate was rounded to 4.06%. The municipal bond rate beyond 23 years resulted in an equivalent valuation rate of 4.25% applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB lability.

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability of the District

	Increase/(Decrease)						
	Total OPEB Total Fiduciary					Net OPEB	
		Liability	١	Net Position		Liability	
		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)	
Balance July 1, 2021	\$	19,829,354	\$	1,326,880	\$	18,502,474	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		1,930,974		-		1,930,974	
Interest on TOL		869,728		-		869,728	
Employer contributions		-		661,321		(661,321)	
Assumption changes		302,323		-		302,323	
Expected investment income		-		80,235		(80,235)	
Experience (gains)/losses		197,173		-		197,173	
Investment (gains)/losses		-		(259,548)		259,548	
Administrative expense		-		(1,365)		1,365	
Benefit payments		(661,321)		(661,321)			
Net change		2,638,877		(180,678)		2,819,555	
Balance June 30, 2022	\$	22,468,231	\$	1,146,202	\$	21,322,029	

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuation.

NOTE 12 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS, continued

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability of the District, continued

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 4.25% to 4.06% since the previous valuation.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District calculated using the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or higher than the current rates:

		Discount				Discount	
		Rate		Discount		Rate	
	1% Lower (3.06%)		Rate		1% Higher		
				(4.06%)		(5.06%)	
Net OPEB liability	\$	22,973,371	\$	21,322,029	\$	19,773,046	

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are 1% lower or higher than the current health care costs trend rates:

		Healthcare	
	Trend Rate	Cost Trend	Trend Rate
	1% Lower	Rate	1% Higher
	(3.00%)	(4.00%)	(5.00%)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 18,804,752	\$ 21,322,029	\$ 24,265,742

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

Deferred outflows of resources results from changes in assumptions and investment gains or losses. A year of amortization is recognized in OPEB expense for the year the assumption changes and the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amount is deferred and will be amortized over the remaining periods. Deferred inflows of resources results from experience gains or losses, changes in assumptions and investment gains or losses. A year of amortization is recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs and the assumption changes. The remaining amount is deferred and will be amortized over the remaining periods.

	 rred Outflows Resources	 ferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments Differences between expected and	\$ 115,499	\$ -
actual experience	182,674	1,362,077
Change in assumptions	 1,717,925	192,737
	\$ 2,016,098	\$ 1,554,814

NOTE 12 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS, continued

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

The deferred outflows and inflows of resources will be amortized and recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows)				
Year Ended June 30,		of Resources			
2023	\$	42,243			
2024		46,057			
2025		43,700			
2026		74,711			
2027		22,803			
Thereafter		231,770			
	\$	461,284			

NOTE 13 – INTEREST RATE SWAPS

2005 Limited Obligation Other Postemployment Benefits Bonds

Objective of the Morgan Stanley Interest Rate SWAP. The District entered into a series of six forward starting floating-to-fixed rate interest rate swaps to manage interest rate risk associated with its 2005 Taxable Limited Obligation Other Postemployment Bonds. The OPEB Bonds included six series of bonds that were initially issued at a fixed rate of interest, converting to a variable rate (auction rate) on separate dates and continuing in that mode until maturity of the individual series of bonds. In order to effectively convert the variable rate to a fixed rate for each of the six series of bonds in November 2006, the District entered into separate swap transactions with Morgan Stanley corresponding to each of the individual variable rate periods. Because the swap obligation only arises during the variable rate interest period for each series of bonds, the District does not become obligated to make swap payments until those periods arrive for each series of bonds. As of June 30, 2022, the 2005 Series B-2 through B-6 has a fair market value of (\$22,779,143). The intention of the swap was to effectively change the variable interest rate on the bonds to a synthetic fixed rate of 4.935%, 5.055%, 5.207%, and 5.279% respectively.

Terms - Under the swap agreement, the District pays a fixed rate of percent (as noted above) and the counterparty pays the District a floating rate option of 100% of London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) with designated maturity of one month.

Credit Risk - As of June 30, 2022, the District was not exposed to credit risk because the swap had a negative fair value. Ongoing swap risks lay if the counterparty defaults and the District incur cost to obtain replacement swap at the same economic terms.

Basis Risk - Adverse changes in the District's or credit providers' financial strength could result in basis risk.

Termination Risk - The District or the counterparty may terminate the swap if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the contract.

NOTE 13 – INTEREST RATE SWAPS, continued

Derivative Instrument Types

Hedge Effectiveness - As of June 30, 2022, the interest rate swaps, B-3 through B-6, are considered to be effective hedging derivative instruments and are identified above as fair value hedges, change in market values are shown as deferred cash out flows on the statement of net position. The District used the dollar-offset method to evaluate hedge effectiveness for the interest rate swaps. This method evaluates the effectiveness of a hedge transaction by dividing changes in the fair values or cash flows of the hedged item with those of the potential hedging derivative instrument, or vice versa.

Fair Values

Fair values for the District's derivative instruments were estimated using the following methods:

Interest Rate Swaps - Fair values for the interest rate swaps are valued using the discounted cash flow methodology which considers the net present value of the future scheduled payment from each leg of the SWAP. For the floating leg of a swap, future coupon rates are estimated based on forward rates derived from the relevant interest rate swap yield curve data as of the valuation date. The present value discount factors applied to each future scheduled payment is determined by the LIBOR or Overnight Index Swap, curve data using the zero coupon method.

Trade Date	Effective Date	Maturity Date	Currency	Original Value		Market Value	Fixed Rate
November 28, 2006	August 5, 2039	August 5, 2049	USD	\$	134,475,000	\$ (14,180,127)	4.935%
November 28, 2006	August 5, 2031	August 5, 2039	USD		86,650,000	(9,495,817)	5.055%
November 28, 2006	August 5, 2025	August 5, 2031	USD		57,525,000	(6,583,912)	5.207%
November 28, 2006	August 5, 2020	August 5, 2025	USD		43,175,000	(4,445,919)	5.279%

NOTE 14 – RISK MANAGEMENT

Property and Liability Insurance Coverage

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the District contracted with the Alliance of Schools for Cooperative Insurance Program (ASCIP) Joint Powers Authority (JPA) for property and liability insurance coverage. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has not been a significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

Claims Liabilities

The District establishes a liability for both reported and unreported events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. The following represent the changes in approximate aggregate liabilities for the District from July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2022:

	Workers'			
	Co	mpensation		
Liability Balance - July 1, 2020	\$	3,951,000		
Net Claims and Changes in Estimates		2,325,862		
Claims Payments		(893,481)		
Liability Balance - June 30, 2021		5,383,381		
Net Claims and Changes in Estimates		-		
Claims Payments				
Liability Balance - June 30, 2022	\$	5,383,381		

NOTE 14 – RISK MANAGEMENT, continued

Employee Medical Benefits

The District has contracted with the Alameda County Schools Insurance Group (ACSIG) Joint Powers Authority (JPA) to provide employee medical and surgical benefits. The JPA is a shared risk pool comprised of schools in Alameda County. Rates are set through an annual calculation process. The District pays a monthly contribution, which is placed in a common fund from which claim payments are made for all participating districts. Claims are paid for all participants regardless of claims flow. The board of trustees has a right to return monies to a district subsequent to the settlement of all expenses and claims if a district withdraws from the pool.

NOTE 15 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the state of California. Academic employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement Systems (CalSTRS) and classified employees are members of California Public Employees' Retirement Systems (CalPERS). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the District reported the net pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense for each of the above plans as follows:

				Collective		Collective				
	Co	ollective Net	Defe	rred Outflows	Def	erred Inflows	(Collective		
Pension Plan	Per	Pension Liability		of Resources		of Resources		f Resources	Pen	sion Expense
CalSTRS	\$	39,831,972	\$	20,619,757	\$	40,075,458	\$	2,592,265		
CalPERS		51,335,980		11,991,181		21,909,392		5,073,672		
Total	\$	91,167,952	\$	32,610,938	\$	61,984,850	\$	7,665,937		

California State Teachers' Retirement System (CALSTRS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the State Teachers' Retirement Plan (STRP) administered by CalSTRS. STRP is a costsharing multiemployer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law.

Benefits Provided

The STRP provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' final compensation, age, and years of service credit. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 60. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 62. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0% of final compensation for each year of credited service. The STRP is comprised of four programs: Defined Benefit Program, Defined Benefit Supplement Program, Cash Balance Benefit Program, and Replacement Benefits Program. The STRP holds assets for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to members and beneficiaries of these programs. CalSTRS also uses plan assets to defray reasonable expenses of administering the STRP. Although CalSTRS is the administrator of the STRP, the State is the sponsor of the STRP and obligor of the trust. In addition, the State is both an employer and nonemployer contributing entity to the STRP. The District contributes exclusively to the STRP Defined Benefit Program; thus disclosures are not included for the other plans.

NOTE 15 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS, continued

Benefits Provided

The STRP provisions and benefits in effect on June 30, 2022, are summarized as follows:

	STRP Defined Benefit Plan			
	On or before	On or after		
Hire date	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2013		
Benefit formula	2% at 60	2% at 62		
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service		
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life		
Retirement age	60	62		
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	2.0% - 2.4%	2.0% - 2.4%		
Required employee contribution rate	10.25%	10.205%		
Required employer contribution rate	16.92%	16.92%		
Required state contribution rate	10.828%	10.828%		

Contributions

Required member, District, and state of California contribution rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and detailed in Teachers' Retirement Law. The contribution rates are expressed as a level percentage of payroll using the entry age normal actuarial method. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2022, are presented above, and the District's total contributions were \$8,975,932.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 39,831,972
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
associated with the District	 20,042,321
Total	\$ 59,874,293

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating college districts and the State, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement periods of June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, was 0.0875% and 0.0870%, respectively, resulting in a net increase in the District's proportionate share by 0.0005%.

NOTE 15 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS, continued

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions, continued

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,592,265. In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of (\$3,493,357) for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of		Def	erred Inflows of
	Resources			Resources
Difference between projected and actual earnings on				_
plan investments	\$	-	\$	31,510,393
Differences between expected and actual experience		99,782		4,239,829
Changes in assumptions		5,641,891		-
Net changes in proportionate share of net pension liability		5,902,152		4,325,236
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		8,975,932		-
Total	\$	20,619,757	\$	40,075,458

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earning on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense. The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the net change in proportionate share of net pension liability, differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability, and changes of assumptions will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the measurement period is seven years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		Deferred				
	Ou	tflows/(Inflows)				
Year Ended June 30,	(of Resources				
2023	\$	(5,709,302)				
2024		(4,874,716)				
2025		(7,605,247)				
2026		(9,408,106)				
2027		(413,005)				
Thereafter		(421,257)				
	\$	(28,431,633)				

NOTE 15 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS, continued

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for STRP was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2021. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2020
Measurement date	June 30, 2021
Experience study	July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2018
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Discount rate	7.10%
Investment rate of return	7.10%
Consumer price inflation	2.75%
Wage growth	3.50%

Discount Rate

CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. The projection scale was set equal to 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2016) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS investment staff and investment consultants and adopted by the CalSTRS Board in January 2020. Best estimates of 20-year geometrically linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class used as input to develop the actuarial investment rate of return are summarized in the following table:

	Assumed Asset	Long-term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return*
Public Equity	42%	4.8%
Real Estate	15%	3.6%
Private Equity	13%	6.3%
Fixed Income	12%	1.3%
Risk Mitigating Strategies	10%	1.8%
Inflation Sensitive	6%	3.3%
Cash/Liquidity	2%	-0.4%
	100%	_
+20	•	_

^{*20-}year average

NOTE 15 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS, continued

Discount Rate, continued

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.10%) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expense occurred midyear. Based on these assumptions, the STRP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or higher than the current rate:

		1%		Current	1%
		Decrease	D	iscount Rate	Increase
		(6.10%)		(7.10%)	(8.10%)
Plan's net pension liability	\$	81,083,639	\$	39,831,972	\$ 5,593,877

Changes of Assumptions

During the fiscal year of the measurement date of June 30, 2021, CalSTRS completed an experience study for the period starting July 1, 2015 and ending June 30, 2018. The experience study was adopted by the CaSTRS Board in January 2020. As a result of the study, certain assumptions used in determining the net pension liability of the STRP changed, including termination rates and service rates.

California Public Employees' Retirement System (CALPERS)

Plan Description

Qualified employees are eligible to participate in the Schools Pool Plan under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

NOTE 15 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS, continued

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of service credit, a benefit factor, and the member's final compensation. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 52 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for nonduty disability benefits after five years of service. The Basic Death Benefit is paid to any member's beneficiary if the member dies while actively employed. An employee's eligible survivor may receive the 1957 Survivor Benefit if the member dies while actively employed, is at least age 50 (or age 52 for members hired on or after January 1, 2013), and has at least five years of credited service. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The CalPERS provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2022 are summarized as follows:

	School Employer Pool (CalPERS)				
	On or before	On or after			
Hire date	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2013			
Benefit formula	2% at 55	2% at 62			
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service			
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life			
Retirement age	55	62			
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	1.1% - 2.5%	1.0% - 2.5%			
Required employee contribution rate	7.000%	7.000%			
Required employer contribution rate	22.910%	22.910%			

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Total plan contributions are calculated through the CalPERS annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of annual payroll. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2022, are presented above, and the total District contributions were \$8,979,787.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2022, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the CalPERS net pension liability totaling \$51,335,980. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating college districts, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement periods of June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, was 0.2525% and 0.2464%, respectively, resulting in a net increase in the proportionate share of 0.0061.

NOTE 15 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS, continued

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions, continued

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$5,073,672. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferr	ed Outflows of	De	Deferred Inflows of		
	F	Resources	Resources			
Difference between projected and actual earnings on						
plan investments	\$	-	\$	19,701,221		
Differences between expected and actual experience		1,532,510		121,020		
Changes in assumptions		-		-		
Net changes in proportionate share of net pension liability		1,478,884		2,087,151		
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		8,979,787		<u> </u>		
Total	\$	11,991,181	\$	21,909,392		

The deferred outflow of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year. The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense.

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the net change in proportionate share of net pension liability, changes of assumptions, and differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability will be amortized over the EARSL of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the measurement period is 4.0 years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		Deferred				
	Ou	tflows/(Inflows)				
Year Ended June 30,	(of Resources				
2023	\$	(4,167,471)				
2024		(4,545,338)				
2025		(5,075,618)				
2026		(5,109,571)				
	\$	(18,897,998)				

NOTE 15 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS, continued

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for the SEP was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2021. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date June 30, 2020 Measurement date June 30, 2021

Experience study July 1, 1997, through June 30, 2015

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal

Discount rate 7.15% Investment rate of return 7.15% Consumer price inflation 2.50%

Wage growth Varies by entry age and service

Mortality assumptions are based on mortality rates resulting from the most recent CalPERS experience study adopted by the CalPERS Board. For purposes of the post-retirement mortality rates, those revised rates include 15 years of mortality improvements using 90% of scale MP 2016 published by the Society of Actuaries. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both shortterm and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long- term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and longterm, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Assumed Asset		Real Return
Asset Class*	Allocation	Years 1 - 10**	Years 11+***
Global Equity	50%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Assets	13%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1%	0.00%	-0.92%
	100%		

^{*}In the System's CAFR, Fixed Income is included in Global Debt Securities; Liquidity is included in Short-term Investments; Inflation Assets are included in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities.

^{**}An expected inflation of 2.0% used for this period

^{***}An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period

NOTE 15 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS, continued

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Based on these assumptions, the School Employer Pool fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or higher than the current rate:

	1%	Current			1%
	Decrease	D	iscount Rate		Increase
	(6.15%)	(7.15%)			(8.15%)
Plan's net pension liability	\$ 86,559,671	\$	51,335,980	\$	22,092,760

NOTE 16 - PARTICIPATION IN PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS AND JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES

The District is a member of the Alliance of Schools for Cooperative Insurance Programs (ASCIP), the Alameda County Schools Insurance Group (ACSIG), and Golden West Financing Authority Joint Powers Authorities (JPAs). ASCIP and ACSIG provide property and liability insurance and health insurance. Golden West Financing Authority provides assistance related to school facilities financing. The relationship between the District and the JPAs is such that they are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

The JPAs have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units, and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements; however, transactions between the JPAs and the District are included in these statements. Audited financial statements are available from the respective entities. The District's share of year-end assets, liabilities, or fund equity has not been calculated.

NOTE 17 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Grants

The District receives financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2022.

Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2022.

NOTE 17 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES, continued

Parking Mitigation

The District has set aside funds to mitigate the impact of parking at Berkeley City College. These funds have been requested by the City of Berkeley as part of the development of the area surrounding Berkeley City College. At June 30, 2022, the total amount that has been deposited in a separate account owned by the District is \$4,310,682. A formal agreement has not yet been finalized as to the actual mitigation project parameters. The funds that have been set aside are from general obligation bonds sold specifically for the construction of the Berkeley City College Campus.

Construction Commitments

The District is involved with various long-term construction and renovation projects throughout the four college campuses and the District Office. The projects are in various stages of completion and are funded primarily through the voter approved general obligation bonds.

NOTE 18 – GOVERNMENTAL ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD STATEMENTS ISSUES, NOT YET EFFECTIVE

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued pronouncements prior to June 30, 2022, that have effective dates that impact future financial presentations; however, the impact of the implementation of each of the statements below to the District's financial statements has not been assessed at this time.

Statement No. 91 - Conduit Debt Obligations

The objective of the statement is to eliminate diversity in practice associated with commitments extended by issuers, arrangements associated with conduit obligations and related note disclosures. The statement clarifies the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation, establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the user, and establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting. The statement effective date has been postponed to fiscal year 2022-23.

Statement No. 92 - Omnibus 2020

The objectives of the statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. The statement addresses a variety of topics. Some requirements are effective upon issuance of the statement and for other requirements the effective date has been postponed to fiscal year 2022-23.

Statement No. 93 – Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates (IBOR)

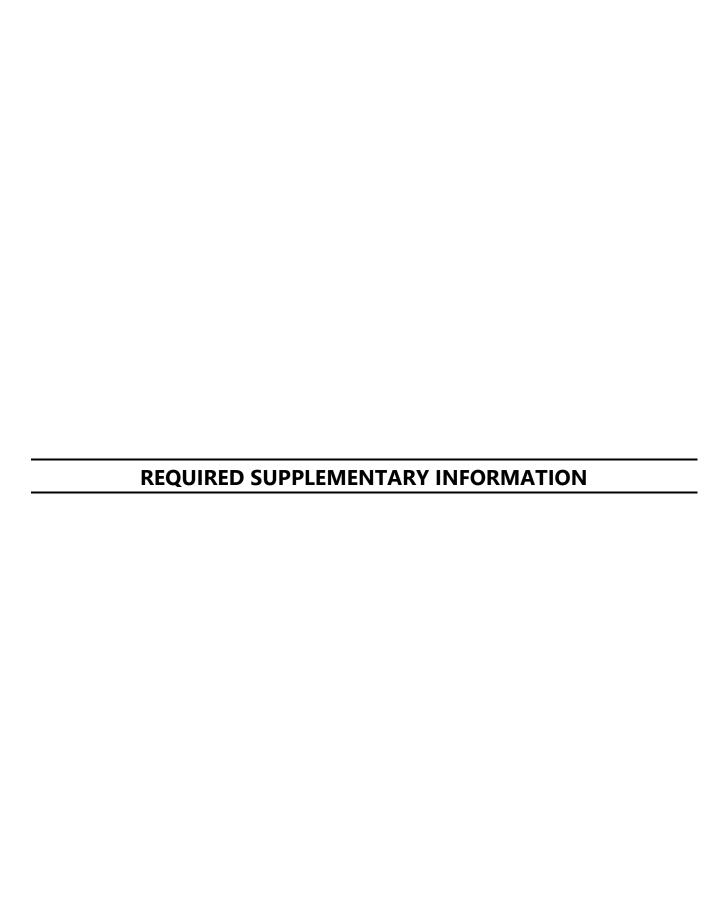
This statement establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements related to the replacement of IBORs in hedging derivative instruments and leases. It also identifies appropriate benchmark interest rates for hedging derivative instruments. The statement effective date was postponed to fiscal year 2022-23.

Statement No. 94 – Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment ArrangementsThis statement improves financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). The statement is effective for fiscal year 2022-23.

NOTE 18 – GOVERNMENTAL ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD STATEMENTS ISSUES, NOT YET EFFECTIVE, continued

Statement No. 96 – Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). Under this Statement, a government generally should recognize a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability. A government should recognize the subscription liability at the commencement of the subscription term, which is when the subscription asset is placed into service. The statement is effective for fiscal year 2022-23.



PERALTA COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Pre-2004 Employees											
		2022		2021		2020	2019	2018				
Total OPEB liability												
Service cost	\$	4,155,000	\$	4,001,535	\$	4,055,775 \$	3,659,580 \$	3,561,635				
Interest		4,905,933		6,002,951		6,770,128	6,529,779	7,061,221				
Assumption changes		(29,815,613)		1,150,570		40,557,472	6,705,116	-				
Experience gains/losses		(18,195,233)		- (10.212.020)		(7,086,262)	- (40.472.025)	- (0.704.660)				
Benefit payments		(10,711,357)		(10,312,820)		(10,277,949)	(10,172,935)	(9,781,668)				
Net change in total OPEB liability		(49,661,270)		842,236		34,019,164	6,721,540	841,188				
Total OPEB liability, beginning of year Total OPEB liability, end of year (a)	\$		\$	230,562,491 231,404,727	\$	196,543,327 230,562,491 \$	189,821,787 196,543,327 \$	188,980,599 189,821,787				
	<u> </u>	,,	т.		-		100/010/021	,				
Plan fiduciary net position												
Employer contributions	\$	10,711,357	\$	10,312,820	\$	10,277,949 \$	10,172,935 \$	9,781,668				
Expected benefit payments		(10,711,357)		(10,312,820)		(10,277,949)	(10,172,935)	(9,781,668)				
Change in plan fiduciary net position		-		-		-	-	-				
Fiduciary trust net position, beginning of year		-		-		-	-	-				
Fiduciary trust net position, end of year (b)	\$	- 9	\$	-	\$	- \$	- \$	-				
Net OPEB liability (asset), ending (a) - (b)	\$	180,743,457	\$	231,404,727	\$	230,562,491 \$	196,543,327 \$	189,821,787				
Covered payroll		N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A				
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of												
the total OPEB liability (asset)		N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A				
the total of Lb hability (asset)		14/4		IN/A		N/A	IN/A	N/A				
Net OPEB asset as a percentage of covered payroll		N/A	N/A			N/A	N/A	N/A				
			2010									
Total OPER liability		2022		2021		2020	2019	2018				
Total OPEB liability Service cost	\$	1,930,974	¢	1,706,112	¢	2,031,290 \$	1,850,993 \$	1,801,453				
Interest	ф	869,728	Þ	862,327	Þ	1,055,715	862,139	767,563				
Assumption changes		302,323		1,129,328		(243,017)	637,838	707,303				
Experience gains/losses		197,173		1,123,320		(1,717,403)	-	_				
Benefit payments		(661,321)		(523,812)		(425,856)	(311,092)	(299,127)				
Net change in total OPEB liability		2,638,877		3,173,955		700,729	3,039,878	2,269,889				
Total OPEB liability, beginning of year		19,829,354		16,655,399		15,954,670	12,914,792	10,644,903				
Total OPEB liability, end of year (a)	\$		\$	19,829,354	\$	16,655,399 \$	15,954,670 \$	12,914,792				
Plan fiduciary net position		664 224 4	+	522.042	.	425.056 ¢	4 244 002					
Employer contributions	\$	661,321	\$	523,812	\$	425,856 \$	1,311,092 \$ 51.420	-				
Expected investment income		80,235 (259,548)		155,065		66,148	51,420	-				
Investment gains/losses		(259,548)		69,489 (1,347)		(11,801) (1,276)	(010)	-				
Administrative expense Expected benefit payments		(661,321)		(523,812)		(425,856)	(818) (311,092)	(299,127)				
Other		(001,321)		(323,612)		(423,630)	(311,092)	(299,127)				
Change in plan fiduciary net position		(180,678)		223,207		53,071	1,050,602	(299,127)				
Fiduciary trust net position, beginning of year		1,326,880		1,103,673		1,050,602	-	-				
Fiduciary trust net position, end of year (b)	\$		\$	1,326,880	\$	1,103,673 \$	1,050,602 \$	(299,127)				
Net OPEB liability (asset), ending (a) - (b)	\$	21,322,029	\$	18,502,474	\$	15,551,726 \$	14,904,068 \$	13,213,919				
Covered payroll	\$	77,782,530	\$	72,071,286	\$	35,000,000 \$	35,360,298	N/A				
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability (asset)		5.10%		6.69%		6.63%	6.58%	N/A				
Net OPEB asset as a percentage of covered payroll		27%		26%		44%	42%	N/A				

This is a 10 year schedule, however the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retrospectively.

PERALTA COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF OPEB INVESTMENT RETURNS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expense	-13.62%	23.56%	9.76%	9.76%

This is a 10 year schedule, however the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retrospectively.

PERALTA COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY – MPP PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Measurement Date									
	June 30, 2022		June 30, 2021		June 30, 2020		June 30, 2019		June 30	0, 2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.133%		0.130%		0.136%		0.145%		0.15	53%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB										
Liability/(Asset)	\$	529,397	\$	550,921	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
District's Covered-Employee Payroll		N/A*		N/A*		N/A*		N/A*		N/A*
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB										
Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered-										
Employee Payroll		N/A*		N/A*		N/A*		N/A*		N/A*
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Fiduciary Net										
Position										
as a Percentage of the Plan's Total OPEB Liability		-0.80%		-0.80%		-0.80%		-0.40%		0.01%

^{*}As of June 30, 2012, active members are no longer eligible for future enrollment in the MPP Program; therefore, the covered payroll disclosure is not applicable.

PERALTA COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)									
		2022		2021	nei	2020		2019			
CalSTRS		(2021)		(2020)		(2019)		(2018)			
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.0875%		0.0870%		0.0880%		0.0916%			
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	39,831,972	\$	84,310,830	\$	79,478,080	\$	84,224,453			
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability											
associated with the District		20,042,321		43,461,891		43,360,949		48,222,438			
Total	\$	59,874,293	\$	127,772,721	\$	122,839,029	\$	132,446,891			
District's covered - employee payroll	\$	50,390,847	\$	50,451,661	\$	49,877,764	\$	50,396,341			
District's proportionate Share of the net pension liability as											
percentage of covered-employee payroll		79%		167%		159%		167%			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the											
total pension liability		87%		72%		73%		71%			
				Reporting (Measurer							
		2022		2021		2020		2019			
CalPERS		(2021)		(2020)		(2019)		(2018)			
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.2525%		0.2464%		0.2536%		0.2847%			
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	51,335,980	\$	75,603,099	\$	73,909,821	\$	84,224,453			
District's covered - employee payroll	\$	36,835,367	\$	35,511,983	\$	35,063,708	\$	37,694,952			
District's proportionate Share of the net pension liability as											
percentage of covered-employee payroll		139%		213%		211%		201%			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the											
total pension liability		81%		70%		70%		71%			

PERALTA COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)							
		2018		2017	ner	2016		2015
CalSTRS		(2017)		(2016)		(2015)		(2014)
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.0906%		0.0977%		0.0977%		0.0940%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	83,830,537	\$	79,009,663	\$	65,754,587	\$	54,918,256
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability								
associated with the District	_	49,593,437	_	44,978,792	_	34,776,928		33,162,014
Total	\$	133,423,974	\$	123,988,455	\$	100,531,515	\$	88,080,270
District's covered - employee payroll	\$	49,997,536	\$	49,324,706	\$	45,180,068	\$	39,942,761
District's proportionate Share of the net pension liability as percentage of covered-employee payroll		168%		160%		146%		137%
percentage of covered-employee payroll		10070		100 /6		14070		137 /0
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the								
total pension liability		69%		70%		74%		77%
				Domontino	Tie.	nal Vanu		
	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)							
		2018		2017		2016		2015
CalPERS		(2017)		(2016)		(2015)		(2014)
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.2731%		0.2700%		0.2636%		0.2533%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	73,830,537	\$	79,009,663	\$	38,855,675	\$	28,756,787
District's covered - employee payroll	\$	34,847,408	\$	32,908,677	\$	28,389,491	\$	26,884,113
District's proportionate Share of the net pension liability as percentage of covered-employee payroll		187%		162%		187%		108%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		72%		74%		79%		83%

PERALTA COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS – PENSIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Reporting Fiscal Year							
CalSTRS		2022		2021		2020		2019
Statutorily required contribution	\$	8,975,932	\$	8,138,122	\$	8,627,234	\$	8,121,728
District's contributions in relation to								
the statutorily required contribution		8,975,932		8,138,122		8,627,234		8,121,728
District's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
District's covered-employee payroll District's contributions as a percentage of	\$	53,049,243	\$	50,390,847	\$	50,451,661	\$	49,877,764
covered-employee payroll		16.92%		16.15%		17.10%		16.28%
	Reporting Fiscal Year							
				Reporting	FISC	ai year		
CalPERS		2022		2021	FISC	2020		2019
CalPERS Statutorily required contribution	\$	2022 8,979,787	\$		\$		\$	2019 6,333,207
	\$		\$	2021		2020	\$	
Statutorily required contribution	\$		\$	2021		2020	\$	
Statutorily required contribution District's contributions in relation to	\$	8,979,787	\$	2021 7,624,921		2020 7,002,963	\$	6,333,207
Statutorily required contribution District's contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		8,979,787		2021 7,624,921	\$	2020 7,002,963	\$	6,333,207

PERALTA COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS – PENSIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Reporting Fiscal Year							
CalSTRS		2018		2017		2016		2015
Statutorily required contribution	\$	7,272,192	\$	6,289,690	\$	5,292,541	\$	4,011,990
District's contributions in relation to								
the statutorily required contribution		7,272,192		6,289,690		5,292,541		4,011,990
District's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
District's covered-employee payroll District's contributions as a percentage of	\$	50,396,341	\$	49,997,536	\$	49,324,706	\$	45,180,068
covered-employee payroll		14.43%		12.58%		10.73%		8.88%
	Reporting Fiscal Year							
CalPERS		2018		2017		2016		2015
Statutorily required contribution	\$	5,854,403	\$	4,839,608	\$	3,898,691	\$	3,341,727
District's contributions in relation to								
the statutorily required contribution		5,854,403		4,839,608		3,898,691		3,341,727
District's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	37,694,952	\$	34,847,408	\$	32,908,677	\$	28,389,491
District's contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		15.53%		13.89%		11.85%		11.77%

PERALTA COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liabilities and Related Ratios

This schedule presents information on the District's changes in the net OPEB liabilities, including beginning and ending balances and the net OPEB liability. In the future, as data becomes available, 10 years of information will be presented.

DISTRICT PLAN-PRE-2004

Changes in Benefit Terms - There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuation. Changes of Assumptions - Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.16% to 3.54% since the previous valuation.

DISTRICT PLAN - POST-2004

Changes in Benefit Terms - There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuation. Changes of Assumptions - Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 5.00% to 4.06% since the previous valuation.

Schedule of OPEB Investment Returns

This schedule presents information on the annual money-weighted rate of return on OPEB plan investments. In future years, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability - MPP Program

This schedule presents information on the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB Liability – MPP Program and the plans' fiduciary net position. In the future, as data becomes available, 10 years of information will be presented.

Changes in Benefit Terms - There were no changes in the benefit terms since the previous valuation. Changes of Assumptions - The plan rate of investment return assumption was changed from 2.21% to 2.16% since the previous valuation.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

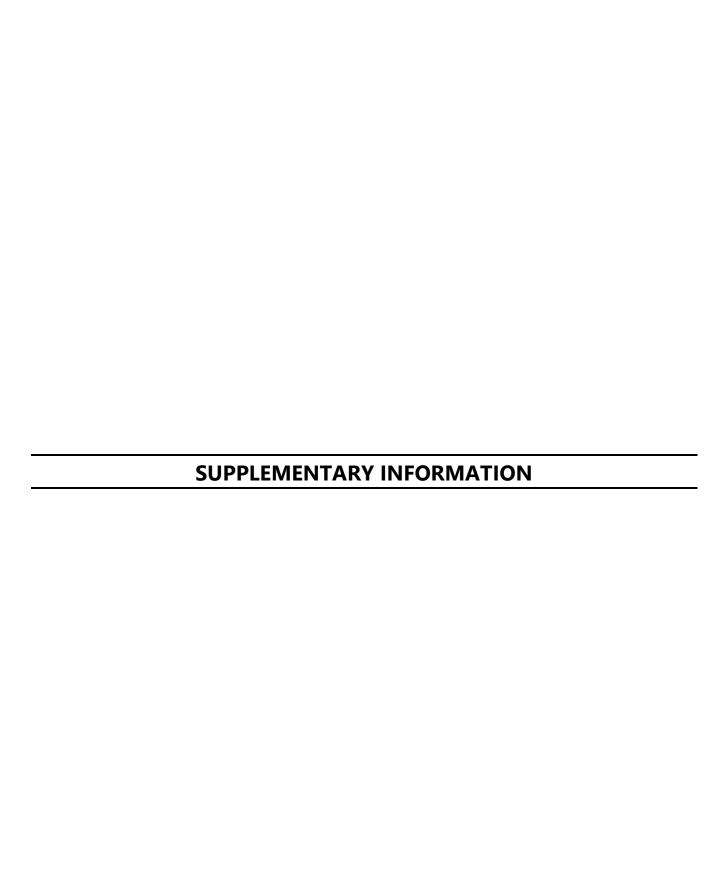
The schedule presents information on the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, the plans' fiduciary net position and, when applicable, the state's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District. In the future, as data becomes available, 10 years of information will be presented.

Changes in Benefit Terms – There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for both CalSTRS and CalPERS.

Changes in Assumptions – There were no changes in assumptions since the previous valuations for both CalSTRS and CalPERS.

Schedule of District Contributions - Pensions

This schedule presents information on the District's required contribution, the amounts actually contributed, and any excess or deficiency related to the required contribution. In the future, as data becomes available, 10 years of information will be presented.



PERALTA COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT DISTRICT ORGANIZATION JUNE 30, 2022

Peralta Community College District was established in 1964 by the electorates of six Alameda County school districts: Alameda, Albany, Berkeley, Emeryville, Oakland, and Piedmont. The District consists of the following two-year community colleges: College of Alameda, Laney College, Merritt College, and Berkeley City College. The District's colleges are accredited by the Accrediting Commission for Community and Junior Colleges, Western Association of Schools and Colleges, which is one of six regional associations that accredit public and private schools, colleges, and universities in the United States.

GOVERNING BOARD

MEMBER	OFFICE	TERM EXPIRES
Ms. Cindi Reiss	President	2024
Dr. Nicky Gonzalez Yuen	Vice President	2024
Ms. Dyana Delfin Polk	Member	2024
Ms. Julina Bonilla	Member	2022
Mr. Kevin Jenkins	Member	2024
Ms. Linda Handy	Member	2022
Mr. Bill Withrow	Member	2024

Dr. Jannett N. Jackson Interim Chancellor

Dr. Royl Robers Interim Special Assistant to the Chancellor / Chief of Staff

Dr. Ronald McKinley
Acting Vice Chancellor of Human Resources

Ms. Atheria Smith
Vice Chancellor of General Services

Dr. Angelica Garcia President, Berkeley City College

Dr. Nathaniel Jones, III
President, College of Alameda

Mr. Adil Ahmed
Interim Vice Chancellor of Finance and Administration

Mr. Mark Johnson

Executive Director for Marketing and Communication

Dr. Rudy Besikof President, Laney College

Dr. David Johnson President, Merritt College

Mr. Antoine Mehouelley
Chief Technology & Information Systems Officer

AUXILIARY ORGANIZATIONS IN GOOD STANDING

AUXILIARY NAME	DIRECTOR'S NAME	ESTABLISHMENT AND MASTER AGREEMENT DATE
Peralta Community College Foundation	LaNiece Jones, Foundation Director	Organized as an independent organization in January 24, 2006 and has a signed master agreement dated September 14, 2006.
Associated Students of Merritt College (ASMC)	Cooper Michael, ASMC President	Organized as an independent organization in October 21, 1964. Filed with the Secretary of State, State of California on December 10, 2018.

PERALTA COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS JUNE 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through	Assistance Listing	Pass-Through Entity Identifying	Federal
Grantor/Program or Cluster Title U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION	Number	Number	Expenditures
Direct Program			
Student Financial Assistance Cluster			
Federal Pell Grant Program	84.063	[1]	15,191,469
Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant (SEOG)	84.007	[1]	1,743,783
Federal Work Study (FWS)	84.033	[1]	613,734
Federal Direct Student Loan	84.268	[1]	1,262,895
Subtotal Student Financial Aid Cluster		- -	18,811,881
Fulbright-Hays Group Projects	84.021A	[1]	22,425
Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund			
COVID-19 HEERF I CARES Act - Institutional	84.425F	[1]	34,584,237
COVID-19 HEERF I CARES Act - Minority Serving Institutions	84.425L	[1]	707,225
Subtotal Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund		-	35,291,462
Research and Development Cluster			
Developing Hispanic-Serving Institutions Program - Title V	84.031S	[1]	964,384
American and Native American Pacific Islander-Serving Institutions	84.031L	[1]	513,869
Passed through California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office			
Career and Technical Education, Perkins IV, Title I-C	84.048A	18-C01-041	733,856
Passed through the California Department of Rehabilitation			
State Vocational Rehabilitation Services - Workability	84.126	30715	109,901
College 2 Career Program	84.126A	30370	287,140
Total U.S. Department of Education		-	56,734,918
NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION Direct Program			
Environmental Control Technology Education	47.076	[1]	56,096
NSF Administration	47.076	[1]	32,248
Total National Science Foundation		-	88,344
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			
Passed through California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office:			
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) Cluster			
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)	93.558	[1]	102,692
Total Department of Health and Human Services		-	102,692
U.S DEPARTMENT OF LABOR			
Passed through the Alameda County Workforce Development Board			
Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) Cluster			
DOL - Strengthening CC Training	17.258	17372	219,993
Total US Department of Labor		-	219,993
CORPORATION FOR NATIONAL AND COMMUNITY SERVICES (CNCS)			
Direct Program	_		
AmeriCorps National Service Awards	94.006	n/a	30,385
Total Corporation for National and Community Services (CNCS)		-	30,385
Total Federal Programs		-	\$ 57,176,332

^{[1] -} Pass-through entity identifying number not readily available.

n/a - Pass-through entity identifying number not applicable.

PERALTA COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE AWARDS JUNE 30, 2022

		Program Revenues		_	
	Cash Received	Accounts Receivable (Payables)	Unearned Revenue	Total Revenue	Program Expenditures
Strong Workforce Regional	\$ 1,605,105			\$ 1,732,978	
Alameda County Department	3,346	-	3,346	-	-
Instructional Equipment	412,048	-	172,878	239,170	239,170
Staff Diversity	105,341	-	79,067	26,274	26,274
CARE	801,252	-	202,935	598,317	598,317
EOPS	3,942,915	-	662,882	3,280,033	3,280,033
SFAA/BFAP	1,006,714	227,091	-	1,233,805	1,233,805
DSPS	3,798,932	-	38,939	3,759,993	3,759,993
Deputy Sector Navigator Grant	93,462	111,427	-	204,889	204,889
CTE Enhancement Funds	27,795	7,056	-	34,851	34,851
CalWORKs	1,179,498	-	398,511	780,987	780,987
Nextup	1,393,123	-	323,035	1,070,088	1,070,088
Nursing Enrollment Growth	132,941	-	45,102	87,839	87,839
Lottery	2,868,145	-	2,097,196	770,949	770,949
Career Ladders Project	3,253	-	3,253	-	-
CTE Community Collaborative	6,995	-	6,995	-	-
Adult Education Block Grant	8,849,154	-	169,286	8,679,868	8,679,868
Cal Grant	2,672,767	-	106,751	2,566,016	2,566,016
2017-18 Financial Aid	31,500	-	31,500	-	-
CIRM - California Institute	400,940	-	176,214	224,726	224,726
California Apprenticeship Init	_	34,638	-	34,638	34,638
Apprenticeship Program	28,438	_	28,438	-	_
Strong Workforce Program	6,544,619	-	3,479,409	3,065,210	3,065,210
CTE Unlocked	98,401	-	98,401	-	-
AB 798 Textbook Affordability	13,225	-	13,225	-	-
Institutional Effectiveness	19,393	_	19,393	_	_
Basic Skills Partnership Pilot	57,780	_	28,686	29,094	29,094
Zero Textbook Cost Degree	14,849	_	14,849		
Guided Pathways	366,095	309,808		675,903	675,903
Veterans Resource Center	283,741	-	93,948	189,793	189,793
California College Promise	925,352	_	54,819	870,533	870,533
Financial Aid Technology	324,640	_	38,980	285,660	285,660
Student Success Completion	2,807,681	_	1,147,494	1,660,187	1,660,187
Veteran Program	270,478	_	271,645	(1,167)	(1,167)
Guiding Reentry	11,108	_	11,108	(.,,	(.,,
SEA	12,781,386	_	4,248,484	8,532,902	8,532,902
Improving Online CTE Pathways	417,825	_	417,732	93	93
Teamsters Apprenticeship Program	200,000	_	130,837	69,163	69,163
Re-Entry Apprenticeships	179,707	_	179,707	03,103	-
Advanced Transportation	81,126	_	30,626	50,500	50,500
IEPI Grant	36,371	114,112	30,020	150,483	150,483
Disaster Relief Emg Student FA	134,312	114,112	126,063	8,249	8,249
Undocumented Resources Liaisons	288,014	_	•	140,559	140,559
	1,337,314	-	147,455 818,609	518,705	518,705
Emergency Financial Assistance CalFresh Outreach		-			
Student Retention & Outreach	42,385 2,008,195	-	35,579	6,806	6,806
	2,006,195	1.625	1,680,530	327,665	327,665
Veterans Program	10.025	1,635	-	1,635	1,635
Regents of the UC EDRRG	18,835	2,835	167.422	21,670	21,670
Middle College High School Pro	168,000	-	167,432	568	568
Basic Needs Centers	784,854	-	784,854	-	-
Mental Health Support	779,048	-	756,816	22,232	22,232
Early Care and ED (ECEPTS)	-	7,124	-	7,124	7,124
Foundation for CA CC	7,000	-	7,000	-	-
LGBTQ+One-Time Funding	262,381	-	262,381	-	-
BACCC Regional Director	-	44,400	-	44,400	44,400
Culturally Competent Faculty P	201,738	-	201,738	-	-
EEO Best Practices	208,333	-	208,333	-	-
Library Services Platform	16,329	-	16,329	-	-
Students Food & Housing Support	824,379	-	824,379	-	-
R6 RJV Contract	455,000	-	-	455,000	455,000
CCAP Instructional Materials	118,354	-	118,354	-	-
Child Care - Department of Education	1,292,695	-	-	1,292,695	1,292,695
Child Care - Tax Bailout	427,881	-	-	427,881	427,881
	\$ 64,172,488	\$ 987,999	\$ 20,981,523	\$ 44,178,964	\$ 44,178,964

PERALTA COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF WORKLOAD MEASURES FOR STATE GENERAL APPORTIONMENT – ANNUAL (ACTUAL) ATTENDANCE JUNE 30, 2022

CATEGORIES	Reported Data	Audit Adjustments	Audited Data
A. Summer Intersession (Summer 2021 only)			
1. Noncredit			
2. Credit	53.10	-	53.10
B. Summer Intersession (Summer 2022 - Prior to July 1, 2022)	33.10	-	33.10
1. Noncredit			
2. Credit	- 1,078.91	-	- 1,078.91
C. Primary Terms (Exclusive of Summer Intersession)	1,076.91	-	1,076.91
1. Census Procedure Courses			
	1,618.32		1,618.32
(a) Weekly Census Contact Hours (b) Daily Census Contact Hours	263.86	-	263.86
2. Actual Hours of Attendance Procedure Courses	203.00	-	203.00
(a) Noncredit	104.20		104.20
(b) Credit	50.30	-	50.30
3. Independent Study/Work Experience	30.30	-	50.50
(a) Weekly Census Contact Hours	6,602.44		6,602.44
(b) Daily Census Contact Hours	1,822.71	-	1,822.71
(c) Noncredit Independent Study/Distance Education	1,022.71	-	1,022.7 1
Courses	26.08		26.08
D. Total FTES	11,619.92		11,619.92
D. Total FTES	11,019.92		11,019.92
Supplemental Information (subset of above information)			
E. In-service Training Courses	-	-	-
F. Basic Skills Courses and Immigrant Education			
1. Credit	343.57	-	343.57
2. Noncredit	51.24		51.24
Total Basic Skills FTES	394.81	-	394.81
CCFS 320 Addendum			
CDCP Noncredit FTES	60.00		60.00

PERALTA COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF EDUCATION CODE SECTION 84362 (50 PERCENT LAW) CALCULATION JUNE 30, 2022

		A ativit	(FCCA) FCC (04262 A	I		
			y (ESCA) ECS 8 Salary Cost A0	34362 A C 0100-5900 &	Activity (ECSE	B) ECS 84362 B	Total CEE
		ilisti uctional	AC 6100	2 0 100-3900 &	, ,	AC 0100-6799	
	Object/						
	TOP Codes	Reported Data	Audit Adjustments	Revised Data	Reported Data	Audit Adjustments	Revised Data
Academic Salaries	coues	reported bata	rajasanenas	nevised sata	neported Butta	rajasanena	Herisea Bata
Instructional Salaries							
Contract or Regular	1100	\$ 24,407,728	\$ -	\$ 24,407,728	\$ 24,407,728	\$ -	\$ 24,407,728
Other	1300	18,416,094	_	18,416,094	18,416,094	_	18,416,094
Total Instructional Salaries		42,823,822	-	42,823,822	42,823,822	-	42,823,822
Non-Instructional Salaries		, , , , , ,		, , , , , ,	, , , , ,		, , , , , ,
Contract or Regular	1200	_	_	_	12,355,907	_	12,355,907
Other	1400	_	_	_	1,287,352	_	1,287,352
Total Non-Instructional Salaries		_	-	-	13,643,259	_	13,643,259
Total Academic Salaries		42,823,822	_	42,823,822	56,467,081	_	56,467,081
Classified Salaries		12,020,022		.=,===,===	22,121,221		
Non-Instructional Salaries							
Regular Status	2100	_	_	_	25,374,739	_	25,374,739
Other	2300	_	_	_	1,107,598	_	1,107,598
Total Non-Instructional Salaries		_	-	-	26,482,337	-	26,482,337
Instructional Aides					25,402,551		20,102,531
Regular Status	2200	1,850,007	_	1,850,007	1,726,249	_	1,726,249
Other	2400	347,251	_	347,251	376,125	_	376,125
Total Instructional Aides	2400	2,197,258	_	2,197,258	2,102,374	_	2,102,374
Total Classified Salaries		2,197,258	-	2,197,258	28,584,711	_	28,584,711
Total Classsified Salaries		2,191,230	_	2,131,230	20,304,711	_	20,304,711
Faralana Banafita	2000	10,000,310		10 000 310	41 400 250		41 400 250
Employee Benefits	3000	19,989,319	-	19,989,319	41,498,258	-	41,498,258
Supplies and Materials	4000	-	-	-	649,903	-	649,903
Other Operating Expenses	5000	-	-	-	6,344,330	-	6,344,330
Equipment Replacement	6420	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditures Prior to Exclusions		65,010,399	-	65,010,399	133,544,283	-	133,544,283
<u>Exclusions</u>							
Activities to Exclude							
Inst. Staff-Retirees' Benefits and Incentives	5900	-	-	-	-	-	-
Std. Health Srvcs. Above Amount Collected	6441	-	-	-	-	-	-
Student Transportation	6491	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-inst.Staff-Retirees' Benefits and Incentives	6740	-	-	-	-	-	-
Object to Exclude							
Rents and Leases	5060	_	_	_	991,239	_	991,239
Lottery Expenditures	3000	_	_	_	331,233	_	551,235
Academic Salaries	1000	_	_	_	943,658	_	943,658
Classified Salaries	2000				821,538		821,538
Employee Benefits	3000				1,207,966		1,207,966
	4000		_		1,207,300	_	1,207,300
Supplies and Materials Software	1						
Books, Magazines & Periodicals	4100 4200	_	_	_	_	_	-
Instructional Supplies & Materials	4300		-	_	_	1	_
1	1	-	_	-	-	_	-
Non-inst. Supplies & Materials	4400	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Supplies and Materials	F000	_	-	_	_	<u> </u>	_
Other Operating Expenses and Services	5000	-	_	-	_	_	-
Capital Outlay	6000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Library Books	6300	_	_	-	-	_	-
Equipment	6400						
Equipment - Additional	6410	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equipment - Replacement	6420	-		-	-		_
Total Equipment		-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Capital Outlay		-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Outgo	7000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Exclusions		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,964,401		\$ 3,964,401
Total for ECS 84362, 50% Law		\$ 65,010,399		\$ 65,010,399	\$ 129,579,882	\$ -	\$ 129,579,882
Percent of CEE (Instructional Salary Cost/Total CE	E)	50.17%			100.00%		100.00%
50% of Current Expense of Education		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 64,789,941	\$ -	\$ 64,789,941

PERALTA COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT EDUCATION PROTECTION ACCOUNT (EPA) EXPENDITURE REPORT JUNE 30, 2022

EPA Revenue	30,895,493
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	Activity	Salaries and	Operating	Capital	
	Code	Benefits	Expenses	Outlay	
Activity Classification		(Obj 1000-3000)	(Obj 4000-5000)	(Obj 6000)	Total
Instructional Activities	0100-5900	30,895,493	-	-	30,895,493
Total		30,895,493	-	-	30,895,493

PERALTA COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Total Fund Equity - District Funds Included in the Reporting Entity				
General Fund Unrestricted			\$	30,753,995
General Fund Restricted			·	8,380,639
Debt Service Fund				50,545,060
Capital Project Funds				72,147,527
Child and Adult Development Fund Balances				2,386,308
Other Special Revenue Funds				3,977,290
Self Insurance Fund				206
Student Financial Aid Fund				(1,634,494)
Associated Students Fund				654,583
Other Student Funds				1,434,715
Total fund balances as reported in the CCFS-311				168,645,829
Other Funds (not reported on CCFS-311)				111,210
Total ending fund balances - Governmental Funds			\$	168,757,039
Assets recorded within the statements of net position not included in the				
fund financial statements:				
Capital assets	\$	791,313,221		
Accumulated depreciation		(354,601,037)		436,712,184
OPEB Bond Assets				223,413,276
Unmatured Interest				(9,667,397)
OPEB Bond Liabilities				(270,686,933)
Deferred outflows recorded within the statement of net position				
not included in the District fund financial statements:				
Deferred outflows related to bond refundings				13,114,430
Interest Rate SWAP				22,779,143
Deferred outflows related to OPEB				2,016,098
Deferred outflows related to pensions				32,610,938
Liabilities recorded within the statements of net position not recorded in the District fund financial statements:				
	,	200 220 000		
General obligation (GO) bonds	\$	399,220,000		
Bond premium - GO bonds		51,934,067		
Net OPEB liability		202,065,486 529,397		
Medicare premium payment plan		•		
Net pension liability Compensated absences		91,167,952		
•		9,347,679 2,166,010		(7E6 420 E01)
Load banking		2,166,010		(756,430,591)
Deferred inflows recorded within the statement of net position				
not included in the District fund financial statements:				
Deferred inflows related to leases				
Interest Rate SWAP				(22,779,143)
Deferred inflows related to OPEB				(1,554,814)
Deferred inflows related to pensions				(61,984,850)
Net Assets Reported Within the Statement of Net Position			\$	(223,700,620)

PERALTA COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT NOTE TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

District Organization

This schedule provides information about the District's governing board members and administration members as of June 30, 2022.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the Federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the full accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S.

Code of Federal Regulations (Part 200), *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements. The District has not elected to use the ten percent de minimis cost rate as covered in Section 200.414 Indirect (F&A) costs of the Uniform Guidance.

Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of state awards includes the State grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements. The information in this schedule is presented to comply with reporting requirements of the California State Chancellor's Office.

Schedule of Workload Measures for State General Apportionment – Annual (Actual) Attendance

FTES is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of State funds, including restricted categorical funding, are made to community college districts. This schedule provides information regarding the annual attendance measurements of students throughout the District.

Reconciliation of Education Code Section 84362 (50 Percent Law) Calculation

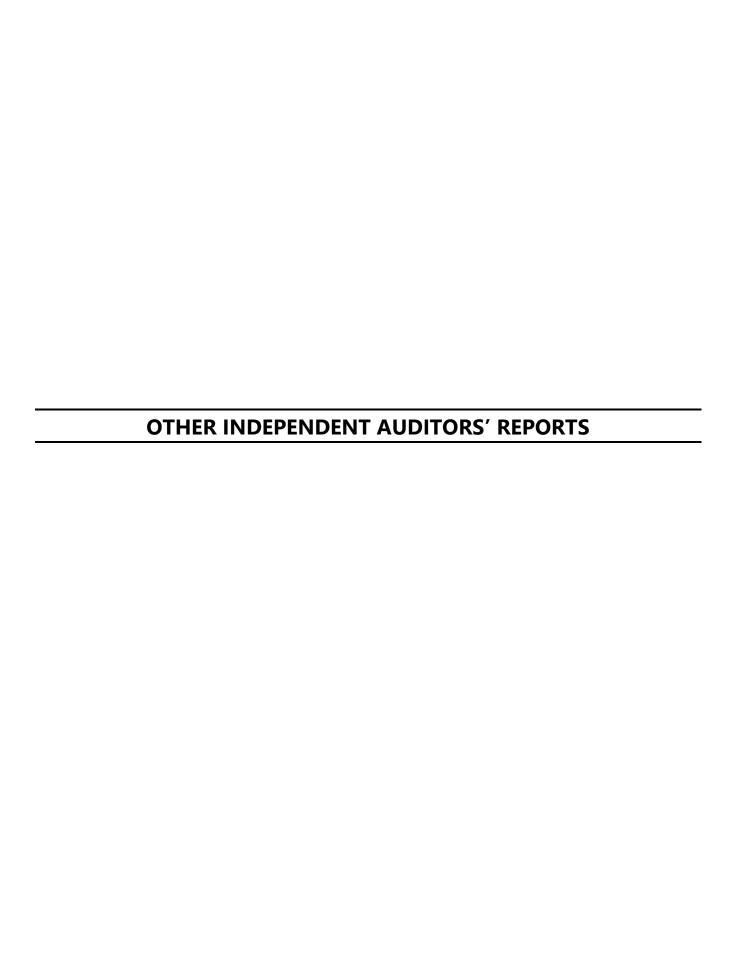
ECS 84362 requires the District to expend a minimum of 50% of the unrestricted General Fund monies on salaries of classroom instructors. This is reported annually to the State Chancellor's Office. This schedule provides a reconciliation of the amount reported to the State Chancellor's Office and the impact of any audit adjustments and/or corrections noted during the audit.

Education Protection Account (EPA) Expenditure Report

This schedule provides the District's summary of receipts and uses of the monies received through the EPA.

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position

This schedule provides a reconciliation of the adjustments necessary to bring the District's internal fund financial statements, prepared on a modified accrual basis, to the governmentwide full accrual basis financial statements required under GASB Statements No. 34 and No. 35 business-type activities reporting model.





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Board of Trustees
Peralta Community College District
Oakland, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Peralta Community College District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 8, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify a deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as finding 2022-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

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As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California December 8, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Board of Trustees
Peralta Community College District
Oakland, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Peralta Community College District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major Federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The District's major Federal programs are identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major Federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Peralta Community College District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Peralta Community College District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Peralta Community College District's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Peralta Community College District's compliance based on our audit

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Peralta Community College District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
 perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
 evidence regarding Peralta Community College District's compliance with the compliance requirements
 referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Peralta Community College District's internal control over compliance relevant
 to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
 report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose
 of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Peralta Community College District's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as findings 2022-002 through 2022-004. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

The District's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.



Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a Federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California December 8, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

The Board of Trustees Peralta Community College District Oakland, California

Report on State Compliance Opinion on State Compliance

We have audited Peralta Community College District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements as identified in the 2021-22 California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office *Contracted District Audit Manual* for the year ended June 30, 2022. The applicable state compliance requirements are identified in the table below.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the programs noted below that were audited for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the compliance requirements described in the 2021-22 California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office *Contracted District Audit Manual*. Our responsibilities under those standards and the compliance requirements are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on state compliance with the compliance requirements subject to audit in the 2021-2022 California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office Contracted District Audit Manual. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's compliance with the requirements listed in the table below.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements listed in the table below has occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the 2021-2022 California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office Contracted District Audit Manual will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements listed in the table below.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the 2021-2022 California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office *Contracted District Audit Manual*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order
 to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly,
 no such opinion is expressed. We are required to communicate with those charged with governance
 regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any material
 noncompliance with the requirements listed in the table below that we identified during the audit.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any material noncompliance with the requirements listed in the table below that we identified during the audit.



Compliance Requirements Tested

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the District's compliance with State laws and regulations applicable to the following:

Section 411 – SCFF Data Management Control Environment

Section 412 – SCFF Supplemental Allocation Metrics

Section 413 – SCFF Success Allocation Metrics

Section 421 – Salaries of Classroom Instructors (50 Percent Law)

Section 423 – Apportionment for Activities Funded From Other Sources

Section 424 – Student Centered Funding Formula Base Allocation: FTES

Section 425 – Residency Determination for Credit Courses

Section 426 – Students Actively Enrolled

Section 427 – Dual Enrollment (CCAP)

Section 430 – Scheduled Maintenance Program

Section 431 – Gann Limit Calculation

Section 444 – Apprenticeship Related and Supplemental Instruction (RSI) Funds

Section 475 – Disabled Student Programs and Services (DSPS)

Section 490 – Propositions 1D and 51 State Bond Funded Projects

WOL, Certiful Poblic Accountants

Section 491 - Education Protection Account Funds

Section 492 - Student Representation Fee

Section 499 – COVID-19 Response Block Grant Expenditures

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing over state laws and regulations based on the requirements described in 2021-22 California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office Contracted District Audit Manual. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California December 8, 2022



PERALTA COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Section I – Schedule of Audit Findings and Questioned Costs

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS			
Type of auditors' report issued:		Uı	nmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:			_
Material weaknesses identified?			No
Significant deficiencies identified not considere	ed		
to be material weaknesses?			Yes
Non-compliance material to financial statemen	nts noted?		No
FEDERAL AWARDS			
Internal control over major programs:			
Material weaknesses identified?			No
Significant deficiencies identified not considere	ed	-	
to be material weaknesses?			Yes
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for	r major programs:	Uı	nmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to	be reported in accordance		
with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative		
Requirements, Costs Principles, and Audit Req	uirements for Federal Awards		Yes
Identification of major programs:			
<u>CFDA Numbers</u>	Name of Federal Program of Cluster		
84.007, 84.033, 84.063, 84.268	Student Financial Aid Cluster		
84.425E, 84.425F, 84.425L	CARES Act		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type	e A and Type B programs:	\$	1,715,290
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	71 1 3		No
•		-	
STATE AWARDS			
Internal control over State programs:			
Material weaknesses identified?			No
Significant deficiencies identified not considere	ed		
to be material weaknesses?		No	ne Noted
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for	r State programs:	Uı	nmodified

PERALTA COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

FINDING #2022 - 001: EXPENDITURES

Criteria: Internal Controls should be in place to provide reasonable assurance that disbursements are properly preapproved, coded and in accordance with applicable compliance requirements of restricted funding sources.

Condition / Context: From our testing of 85 District warrant selections, we noted one selection for which work was performed and funds were thereby obligated prior to documented approval. Additionally, we noted one selection which was coded as a Fiscal Year 2021-22 expenditure despite relating to work performed in Fiscal Year 2020-21. Finally, we noted one expenditure which was charged to the bond building fund despite being of an operating nature, not eligible for the use of restricted bond funds.

Effect: Isolated internal control deficiencies over disbursements.

Cause: District controls did not enable the proper approval, coding and usage of disbursements in all cases.

Repeat Finding: No.

Recommendation: We would encourage the District to review its disbursement controls to identify and resolve weaknesses which could result in exceptions.

Action taken in response to finding: District Finance will review and assess the disbursement processes. Policies and procedures will be documented, and districtwide training will be provided to management and staff with an emphasis on expenditure related to bond funds and the year-end closing process (i.e., encumbering liabilities, accounting principles).

Planned completion date for corrective action plan: March 31, 2023.

Section III – Federal Award Findings

FINDING #2022 – 002: INTERNAL CONTROLS OVER FEDERAL AWARDS

Federal Agency: U.S. Department of Education

Federal Program Title: Student Financial Assistance Cluster Assistance Listing Number: 84.007, 84.033, 84.063 and 84.268

Award Period: July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022

Type of Finding: Significant Deficiency in Internal Control over Compliance and Noncompliance

Criteria or Specific Requirement: In accordance with 2 CFR 200.303, nonfederal entities must establish and maintain effective internal control over the Federal award that provides reasonable assurance that the non-Federal entity is managing the Federal award in compliance with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the Federal award.

Condition / Context: During our audit procedures, we noted that a formal documented review process was not available for the following areas:

- R2T4 calculations [Berkeley City College and Merritt College]
- Student award packaging [Merritt College]
- Students selected for verification by the Department of Education [Merritt College]

Furthermore, because the Financial Aid Director positions were vacant, reconciliations performed by the loan officers were not reviewed for:

- Pell Grant and Supplemental Education Opportunity Grant [Berkeley and Merritt College]
- Direct Loan [Berkeley City College]

Questioned Costs: None.

Cause: The Colleges' Financial Aid Director positions were vacant at June 30, 2022, resulting in an oversight.

Effect: A lack of internal controls can result in noncompliance with provisions of the various programs within the Student Financial Assistance Cluster.

Repeat Finding: See prior year finding 2021-004.

Recommendation: We recommend the Colleges reinforce their review processes, monitor proper follow-up on audit findings, and review all activity level controls to ensure compliance with the various requirements of the Student Financial Assistance Cluster.

FINDING #2022 - 002: INTERNAL CONTROLS OVER FEDERAL AWARDS, continued

Action taken in response to finding: The district has entered into a contract with Huron Consulting Group to address internal controls pertaining to reconciliation of Title IV funds, R2T4 processing, award packaging and verification. Huron has created more robust packaging and disbursement rules to ensure only eligible students are awarded and paid. Additionally, the district has created business processes and procedures to improve internal controls over federal awards. While the cutoff date for the audit was missed for the 2021-2022 school year, corrective actions have been taken to ensure the reconciliation of Title IV funds and secondary reviews have been completed and are currently underway for 2022-2023.

Explanation of disagreement with audit finding: There is no disagreement with the audit finding.

Planned completion date for corrective action plan: June 30, 2023.

FINDING #2022 – 003: SPECIAL TESTS AND PROVISIONS: NSLDS ENROLLMENT REPORTING

Federal Agency: U.S. Department of Education

Federal Program Title: Student Financial Assistance Cluster Assistance Listing Number: 84.007, 84.033, 84.063 and 84.268

Award Period: July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022

Type of Finding: Significant Deficiency in Internal Control over Compliance and Noncompliance

Criteria or Specific Requirement: In accordance with 34 CFR680.309(b) and the National Student Loan Data System (NSLDS) Enrollment Reporting Guide published by the Department of Education, schools must review, update, and verify student enrollment statuses, program information, and effective dates that appear on the Enrollment Reporting Roster file or on the Enrollment Maintenance page of the NSLDS Professional Access (NSLDSFAP) website. In addition, schools must report enrollment status changes within 30 days of becoming aware of the status change or in its next scheduled enrollment submission if the scheduled submission is within 60 days.

Condition / Context: During our testing of 25 students, which is a statistically valid sample, we noted one (1) instance of a student status change failing to be reported to NSLDS.

Questioned Costs: None.

Cause: Unknown, the status was correctly submitted to the Federal Clearinghouse but failed to automatically 'push' or report to NSLDS.

Effect: The case identified resulted in noncompliance with the applicable Title IV regulations. Inaccurate information is reflected on the NSLDS database. A student's enrollment data protects the rights of borrowers by ensuring that loan interest subsidies are based on accurate enrollment data, ensures loan repayment dates are accurately based on the last data of attendance, allows in-school deferments to be automatically granted using NSLDS enrollment data, and provides vast amounts of critical data about the effectiveness of Title IV aid programs, including completion data.

Repeat Finding: See prior year finding 2021-005.

Recommendation: We recommend the District engage with the Clearinghouse to review applicable reporting procedures to ensure that enrollment and program information is accurately and timely reported to NSLDS as required by regulations.

Action taken in response to finding: The District Administration & Records will perform a study of the current business processes to identify data discrepancies. The District will engage the Clearinghouse and review the applicable reporting procedures with the financial aid offices to ensure sound internal controls over reporting and updating of NSLDS enrollment data.

Planned completion date for corrective action plan: June 30, 2023.

FINDING #2022 – 004: OUTSTANDING STUDENT REFUND CHECKS

Federal Agency: U.S. Department of Education

Federal Program Title: Student Financial Assistance Cluster Assistance Listing Number: 84.007, 84.033, 84.063 and 84.268

Award Period: July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022

Type of Finding: Significant Deficiency in Internal Control over Compliance and Noncompliance

Criteria or Specific Requirement: In accordance with 34 CFR 668.164(I), an institution must return to ED (notwithstanding any state law, such as a law that allows funds to escheat to the state) any Title IV funds, except FWS program funds, that it attempts to disburse directly to a student or parent but they do not receive or negotiate those funds. For FWS program funds, the institution is required to return only the federal portion of the payroll disbursements. If the institution attempted to disburse the funds by check and the check is not cashed, the funds must be returned no later than 240 days after the date it issued the check. If a check is returned, or an EFT is rejected, the institution may make additional attempts to disburse the funds, provided that the attempts are made no later than 45 days after the funds were returned or rejected. If the institution does not make an additional attempt to disburse the funds, the funds must be returned before the end of the 45-day period and no later than 240 days from the date of the initial attempt to disburse the funds.

Condition / Context: Ten (10) out of a sample of 25 outstanding refund checks tested were yet not returned to the U.S. Department of Education. Eight (8) of the ten (10) had aged past the 240-day requirement.

Questioned Costs: \$7,408.87

Cause: Following the District's receipt of refund checks, we noted that there is not a process for making contact with students within the initial 45-day period to resolve issues. Likewise, we noted there is not a process to ensure checks outside of the 45-day period are remitted back to ED.

Effect: The District is not in compliance with the applicable Title IV regulations stating that all student refund checks that are outstanding for more than 240 days be returned to the U.S. Department of Education. Any additional attempts to disburse funds must be made no later than 45 days after the funds were returned or rejected.

Repeat Finding: See prior year finding 2021-006.

Recommendation: We recommend that the District review its procedures related to outstanding student refund checks to ensure they are being returned to the Department of Education or disbursed to students as stated in the criteria mentioned above.

Action taken in response to finding: The district has entered into a contract with Huron Consulting Group to address the internal controls pertaining to returning funds and reissuing funds back to students. District Finance has been working closely with each College to return funds to the Department of Education. Queries have been created to identify returned checks which will be monitored on a regular basis to reverse financial aid disbursements and re-report changes to COD.

Planned completion date for corrective action plan: March 31, 2023.

Section IV –State Award Findings

There were no findings and questioned costs related to state awards for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

FINDING #2021 – 001: CLOSING PROCESS

Type of Finding: Significant Deficiency in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Criteria: Internal Controls should be in place to provide reasonable assurance that financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

Condition / Context: As noted in the prior year, errors were made within the reconciliation processes of the District's financial records. As of year-end, material adjustments were required to conform to the Budget and Accounting Manual (BAM) and GAAP. Furthermore, we noted instances were bank and investment reconciliations were not reviewed to ensure accuracy and completeness.

The District was unable to provide an aged student receivable listing to demonstrated it followed their policy on estimating their allowance for doubtful accounts. The gross student accounts receivable is approximately \$28.1 million and the related allowance for doubtful accounts is \$9.7 million.

Effect: The errors resulted in significant corrected and uncorrected misstatements.

Cause: The controls did not detect the adjustments made as part of the audit and ensure accurate financial reporting.

The District's general ledger and student information systems were not configured to generate an aged student receivable listing for a historical date.

Repeat Finding: See prior year finding 2020-001.

Recommendation: Documentation may include policy manuals, process models, flowcharts, job descriptions, documents, and forms, and can be in paper form, electronic files, or other media. In addition, the documentation can be used in reinforcing established policies and procedures, evaluating performance, or training a new employee to perform the process.

Management Response: Please refer to the attached Corrective Action Plan.

Section III – Federal Award Findings

FINDING #2021 – 002: SPECIAL TESTS AND PROVISIONS: COD REPORTING

Federal Agency: U.S. Department of Education

Federal Program Title: Student Financial Assistance Cluster

Assistance Listing Number: 84.063 and 84.268 Award Period: July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021

Type of Finding: Significant Deficiency in Internal Control over Compliance and Noncompliance

Criteria or Specific Requirement: The Department of Education requires the Colleges to report and ensure that the disbursement information reported to the Common Origination and Disbursement (COD) system is accurate and within 15 days of disbursing Pell (34 CFR 690.83(b)(2) and Direct Loan (34 CFR 685.309) funds to a student.

Condition / Context: During our audit of 60 Pell grant student disbursement and 60 Direct Loan student disbursements, the audit identified the following conditions:

		Alameda	Berkeley	Laney	Merritt				
P	Pell Disbursements (15 samples tested at each college)								
	Incorrect dates	0	2	2	2				
	Not timely	1	6	2	0				
	Incorrect amounts	0	0	0	2				
D	Direct Loan Disbursements (15 samples tested at each college)								
	Incorrect dates	1	5	15	10				
	Not timely	6	0	4	0				
	Incorrect amounts	0	0	0	0				

Questioned Costs: None.

Cause: The Colleges' experienced turnover in key positions accountable for internal controls and compliance during and subsequent to year-end.

Effect: The case identified resulted in noncompliance with the applicable Title IV regulations. Student interest accrues based on the disbursement date reported to COD, thus the interest calculation could be skewed due to the discrepancy in disbursement dates reported.

Recommendation: We recommend the Colleges' review their reporting procedures and policies around reporting Pell and Direct Loan disbursements to COD to ensure that student information is reported accurately and timely to COD as required by regulations.

Views of Responsible Officials: Please refer to the attached corrective action plan.

Section III - Federal Award Findings, continued

FINDING #2021 – 003: GRAMM-LEACH-BLILEY ACT – STUDENT INFORMATION SECURITY

Federal Agency: U.S. Department of Education

Federal Program Title: Student Financial Assistance Cluster Assistance Listing Number: 84.007, 84.033, 84.063 and 84.268

Award Period: July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021

Type of Finding: Significant Deficiency in Internal Control over Compliance and Noncompliance

Criteria or Specific Requirement: The Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act (Pub. L. No. 106-102) requires financial institutions to explain their information-sharing practices to their customers and to data (16 CFR 314). The Federal Trade Commission considers Title IV-eligible institutions that participate in Title IV Educational Assistance Programs as "financial institutions" and subject to the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act because they appear to be significantly engaged in wiring funds to consumers (16 CFR 313.3(k)(2)(vi)). Under an institution's Program Participation Agreement with the ED and the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act, institutions must protect student financial aid information, with particular attention to information provided to institutions by ED or otherwise obtained in support of the administration of the federal student financial aid programs.

Condition / Context: During our audit procedures, we noted that the District performed a data integrity assessment during the year, however this assessment did not address the three required areas noted in 16 CFR 314.4 (b) which are (Area 1) Employee training and management; (Area 2) Information systems, including network and software design, as well as information processing, storage, transmission and disposal; and (Area 3) Detecting, preventing and responding to attacks, intrusions, or other systems failures.

The District took measures to assure required risks were addressed, including the three areas listed above, safety measures were significantly enhanced to protect the district throughout the past two years. These safety measures included moving all our data systems to the Cloud through Oracle, and Oracle is contracted to house, protect, and ensure the safety of all of our data. This protection naturally encompassed (Area 1) Employee training and management, and (Area 2) Information systems, including network and software design. In 2021 the district also established disaster recovery sites for all our data and processes to secure and protect against any attacks, intrusions, or other system failures listed in Area 3.

Questioned Costs: None.

Cause: The District did not perform a formal IT risk assessment as required by the Gramm-Leach- Bliley Act. Due to the covid pandemic, the formal IT risk assessment for the Peralta District was halted for the past two years.

FINDING #2021 - 003: GRAMM-LEACH-BLILEY ACT - STUDENT INFORMATION SECURITY, continued

Effect: The case identified resulted in noncompliance with the applicable Title IV regulations. The student personal information could be vulnerable.

Recommendation: We recommend that the District engage a third party to perform the risk assessment for the three required areas required by the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act.

Views of Responsible Officials: Please refer to the attached corrective action plan.

FINDING #2021 – 004: INTERNAL CONTROLS OVER FEDERAL AWARDS

Federal Agency: U.S. Department of Education

Federal Program Title: Student Financial Assistance Cluster Assistance Listing Number: 84.007, 84.033, 84.063 and 84.268

Award Period: July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021

Type of Finding: Significant Deficiency in Internal Control over Compliance and Noncompliance

Criteria or Specific Requirement: In accordance with 2 CFR 200.303, nonfederal entities must establish and maintain effective internal control over the Federal award that provides reasonable assurance that the non-Federal entity is managing the Federal award in compliance with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the Federal award.

Condition / Context: During our audit procedures, we noted that a formal documented review process was not available for the following areas:

- R2T4 calculations [Berkeley City College and Merritt College]
- Student award packaging [Merritt College]
- Students selected for verification by the Department of Education [Merritt College]

Furthermore, because the Financial Aid Director positions were vacant, reconciliations performed by the loan officers were not reviewed for:

- Pell Grant and Supplemental Education Opportunity Grant [Berkeley and Merritt College]
- Direct Loan [Berkeley City College]

Questioned Costs: None.

Cause: The Colleges' Financial Aid Director positions were vacant subsequently resulting in an oversight.

Effect: A lack of internal controls can result in noncompliance with provisions of the various programs within the Student Financial Assistance Cluster.

Recommendation: We recommend the Colleges reinforce their review processes, monitor proper follow-up on audit findings, and review all activity level controls to ensure compliance with the various requirements of the Student Financial Assistance Cluster.

Views of Responsible Officials: Please refer to the attached corrective action plan.

Current Status: See Finding #2022-002.

FINDING #2021 – 005: SPECIAL TESTS AND PROVISIONS: NSLDS ENROLLMENT REPORTING

Federal Agency: U.S. Department of Education

Federal Program Title: Student Financial Assistance Cluster Assistance Listing Number: 84.007, 84.033, 84.063 and 84.268

Award Period: July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021

Type of Finding: Significant Deficiency in Internal Control over Compliance and Noncompliance

Criteria or Specific Requirement: In accordance with 34 CFR680.309(b) and the National Student Loan Data System (NSLDS) Enrollment Reporting Guide published by the Department of Education, schools must review, update, and verify student enrollment statuses, program information, and effective dates that appear on the Enrollment Reporting Roster file or on the Enrollment Maintenance page of the NSLDS Professional Access (NSLDSFAP) website. In addition, schools must report enrollment status changes within 30 days of becoming aware of the status change or in its next scheduled enrollment submission if the scheduled submission is within 60 days.

Condition / Context: During our testing of 60 students, which is a statistically valid sample, we noted 2 instances of late reporting of student status changes, 5 instances of improper student status reporting at the campus-level and program-level records including 4 students that were not updated to graduated from withdrawn, 2 instances where the effective date of a student status change was improperly reported at both the campus-level and program-level record, 2 instances where the effective date of a student status change was improperly reported at the campus-level record, and 1 instance where the student program was incorrectly reported to NSLDS. And we noted that 10 out of the 60 students, which is a statistically valid sample, tested did not have the correct program begin date per the institution's record reported to the NSLDS system.

Questioned Costs: None.

Cause: The Colleges' experienced turnover in key positions accountable for internal controls and compliance during and subsequent to year-end.

Effect: The case identified resulted in noncompliance with the applicable Title IV regulations. Inaccurate information is reflected on the NSLDS database. A student's enrollment data protects the rights of borrowers by ensuring that loan interest subsidies are based on accurate enrollment data, ensures loan repayment dates are accurately based on the last data of attendance, allows in-school deferments to be automatically granted using NSLDS enrollment data, and provides vast amounts of critical data about the effectiveness of Title IV aid programs, including completion data.

Recommendation: We recommend the District review its reporting procedures to ensure that enrollment and program information is accurately and timely reported to NSLDS as required by regulations.

Views of Responsible Officials: Please refer to the attached corrective action plan.

Current Status: See Finding #2022-003.

FINDING #2021 – 006: OUTSTANDING STUDENT REFUND CHECKS

Federal Agency: U.S. Department of Education

Federal Program Title: Student Financial Assistance Cluster Assistance Listing Number: 84.007, 84.033, 84.063 and 84.268

Award Period: July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021

Type of Finding: Significant Deficiency in Internal Control over Compliance and Noncompliance

Criteria or Specific Requirement: In accordance with 34 CFR 668.164(I), an institution must return to ED (notwithstanding any state law, such as a law that allows funds to escheat to the state) any Title IV funds, except FWS program funds, that it attempts to disburse directly to a student or parent but they do not receive or negotiate those funds. For FWS program funds, the institution is required to return only the federal portion of the payroll disbursements. If the institution attempted to disburse the funds by check and the check is not cashed, the funds must be returned no later than 240 days after the date it issued the check. If a check is returned, or an EFT is rejected, the institution may make additional attempts to disburse the funds, provided that the attempts are made no later than 45 days after the funds were returned or rejected. If the institution does not make an additional attempt to disburse the funds, the funds must be returned before the end of the 45-day period and no later than 240 days from the date of the initial attempt to disburse the funds.

Condition / Context: The 45 outstanding refund checks tested were yet not returned to the U.S. Department of Education.

Questioned Costs: \$23,782.

Cause: The Districts' internal controls did not identify the errors for compliance with the criteria mentioned above.

Effect: The District is not in compliance with the applicable Title IV regulations stating that all student refund checks that are outstanding for more than 240 days be returned to the U.S. Department of Education. Any additional attempts to disburse funds must be made no later than 45 days after the funds were returned or rejected.

Recommendation: We recommend that the District review its procedures related to outstanding student refund checks to ensure they are being returned to the Department of Education or disbursed to students as stated in the criteria mentioned above.

Views of Responsible Officials: Please refer to the attached corrective action plan.

Current Status: See Finding #2022-004.

FINDING #2021 – 007: RETURN OF TITLE IV FUNDS

Federal Agency: U.S. Department of Education

Federal Program Title: Student Financial Assistance Cluster

Assistance Listing Number: 84.063, 84.268 Award Period: July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021

Type of Finding: Significant Deficiency in Internal Control over Compliance and Noncompliance

Criteria or Specific Requirement: In accordance with 34 CFR 668.22(a)(1) and 34 CFR 668.22(j),

when a recipient of Title IV grant or loan assistance withdraws from an institution during a payment period or period of enrollment in which the recipient began attendance, the institution must determine the amount of Title IV grant or loan assistance that the student earned as of the student's withdrawal date and an institution must return the amount of unearned title IV funds as soon as possible but no later than 45 days after the date of the institution's determination that the student withdrew.

In addition, Title IV funds may be expended only towards the education of the students who can be proven to have been in attendance at the institution. In a distance education context, documenting that a student has logged into an online distance education platform or system is not sufficient, by itself, to demonstrate attendance by the student. To avoid returning all funds for a student that did not begin attendance, an institution must be able to document "attendance at any class." To qualify as a last date of attendance for Return of Title IV purposes, an institution must demonstrate that a student participated in class or was otherwise engaged in an academically related activity, such as by contributing to an online discussion or initiating contact with a faculty member to ask a course-related question.

Condition / Context: During our testing of 40 students, which is a statistically valid sample, we noted 1 instance at Berkeley City College and 2 instances at Laney College where the Colleges' failed to return title IV funds within 45 days of the date the institution determined that the students withdrew; 1 instance at Merritt College where the College failed to input the amount disbursed to the student during the term resulting in an incorrect R2T4 calculation and the College not returning the amount of unearned title IV funds to the Department of Education; and 3 instances at Laney College where the College returned the incorrect amount of unearned title IV funds to the Department of Education.

In addition, we noted 8 students for Alameda College and 4 students for Laney College who did not academically participate in the enrolled distance education courses prior to withdrawing from their respective term. Students are required to academically participate in the enrolled distance education courses in order to earn the Title IV aid.

Questioned Costs: None.

Cause: The Colleges' experienced turnover in key positions accountable for internal controls and compliance during and subsequent to year-end.

Effect: The Colleges' did not return the title IV funds within the required timeframe and did not verify academic participation resulting in noncompliance with the applicable title IV regulations.

FINDING #2021 - 007: RETURN OF TITLE IV FUNDS, continued

Recommendation: We recommend the Colleges' review the R2T4 requirements and implement procedures to ensure compliance with the applicable title IV regulations.

Views of Responsible Officials: Please refer to the attached corrective action plan.

FINDING #2021 – 008: ACTIVITIES ALLOWED OR UNALLOWED AND ALLOWABLE COST/COST PRINCIPLES

Federal Agency: Department of Education

Federal Program Title: Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund (HEERF) Institutional Aid Portion

Assistance Listing Number: 84.425F

Award Period: July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022

Type of Finding: Significant Deficiency in Internal Control Over Compliance and Noncompliance

Criteria or Specific Requirement: Institutions must demonstrate that costs incurred are allowable under the relevant statutory provisions and consistent with the purpose of the ESF "to prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus." In general, the CARES Act authorized broad uses of HEERF funds, with specific standards for the different subprograms. The CRRSAA expanded the allowable uses for supplemental awards and new awards made under Section 314(a)(1) of the CRRSAA. The expanded use of funds authority also applies to unexpended HEERF I funds as of December 27, 2020 (the date of enactment of the CRRSAA).

Condition / Context: During our testing of 24 non-payroll transactions, we noted 2 non-payroll transactions were not allowable.

Questioned Costs: \$8,278

Cause: The District's internal controls did not ensure compliance with the requirements with the criteria mentioned above.

Effect: The documentation available for review was not adequate to support the compliance with the activities allowed/unallowed and allowable costs/cost principles to the program.

Recommendation: We recommend that the District improve the existing procedures and controls to ensure compliance with the aforementioned criteria such as having an additional level of review by managements or an internal auditor. Also, we recommend the District improve the review process by maintaining adequate documentation to support all charges to new and existing federal programs.

Views of Responsible Officials: Please refer to the attached Corrective Action Plan.

FINDING #2021 – 009: HIGHER EDUCATION EMERGENCY RELIEF FUND (HEERF) REPORTING

Federal Agency: Department of Education

Federal Program Title: Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund (HEERF) Student Aid Portion and Higher Education

Emergency Relief Fund (HEERF) Institutional Aid Portion

Assistance Listing Numbers: 84.425F; 84.425E Award Period: July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021

Type of Finding: Significant Deficiency in Internal Control Over Compliance and Noncompliance

Criteria or Specific Requirement: In Compliance Supplement issued by Executive Office of the President Office of Management and Budget in July 2021, there is a quarterly public reporting requirement for Students Aid and Institutional portions under section "ESF – Elementary and Secondary".

In addition, there are requirements for all HEERF grantees to submit and file Annual Reporting. Department of Education (DE) developed the HEERF Data Collection Form (OMB Control Number 1840-0850) that institutions must have used to satisfy the annual reporting requirement for HEERF I. The form was required to be submitted to ED via the Annual Report Data Collection System on February 8, 2021 and applied to the reporting period from March 13, 2020 through December 31, 2020. Auditors should sample the amounts and data reported in the 2020 report with underlying documentation to ensure accuracy. ED will be collecting an annual report for HEERF grantees in February 2022. ED will share more information regarding this annual report, which will require institutions to report on their uses of HEERF I CARES Act funds, HEERF II CRRSAA funds, and HEERF III ARP funds in advance of the ARP annual reporting deadline.

Condition / Context: During our testing of 5 out of 5 reports, the guarterly student report was not updated and published on the College's website.

During our testing of 5 quarterly institutional reports from Alameda College, Berkeley City College, Laney College and Merritt College, we noted 4 quarterly report (one from each College) were not published to the website timely.

During our testing of 2 annual reports from Berkeley College and Merritt College, we were unable to obtain the supporting documentation of the numbers reported on the report listed below:

- Count of HEERF Emergency Financial Aid Grant Eligible Students
- Count of HEERF Emergency Financial Aid Grants Disbursed to Students
- Total of HEERF Emergency Financial Aid Grants Disbursed to Students
- Institutional Expenditures of (a)1, (a)2, and a(3) through December 31, 2020

Questioned Costs: None

Cause: The College was not aware of this compliance requirement.

Effect: The case identified resulted in noncompliance with the HEERF reporting compliance requirements.

FINDING #2021 - 009: HIGHER EDUCATION EMERGENCY RELIEF FUND (HEERF) REPORTING, continued

Recommendation: We recommend the College to put a process in place to ensure compliance with the HEERF reporting.

Views of Responsible Officials: Please refer to the attached Corrective Action Plan.

FINDING #2021 - 010: SUSPENSION AND DEBARMENT

Federal Agency: Department of Education

Federal Program Title: Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund (HEERF) Institutional Aid Portion Assistance Listing

Number: 84.425F

Award Period: July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022

Type of Finding: Significant Deficiency in Internal Control Over Compliance and Noncompliance

Criteria or Specific Requirement: Non-federal entities are prohibited from contracting with or making subawards under covered transactions to parties that are suspended or debarred. "Covered transactions" include contracts for goods and services awarded under a non-procurement transaction (e.g., grant or cooperative agreement) that are expected to equal or exceed \$25,000 or meet certain other criteria as specified in 2 CFR section 180.220. All non-procurement transactions entered into by a pass-through entity (i.e., subawards to subrecipients), irrespective of award amount, are considered covered transactions, unless they are exempt as provided in 2 CFR section 180.215.

When a non-federal entity enters into a covered transaction with an entity at a lower tier, the nonfederal entity must verify that the entity, as defined in 2 CFR section 180.995 and agency adopting regulations, is not suspended or debarred or otherwise excluded from participating in the transaction. This verification may be accomplished by (1) checking the System for Award Management (SAM) Exclusions maintained by the General Services Administration (GSA) and available at https://www.beta.sam.gov/ (click on Search Record, then click on Advanced Search-Exclusions) (Note: The OMB guidance at 2 CFR Part 180 and agency implementing regulations still refer to the SAM Exclusions as the Excluded Parties List System (EPLS)), (2) collecting a certification from the entity, or (3) adding a clause or condition to the covered transaction with that entity (2 CFR section 180.300).

Condition / Context: For nine procurement transactions (4 HEERF and 5 R&D), we requested audit evidence supporting the District verified that the vendors in the sample were not suspended or debarred or otherwise excluded from participating in the transaction prior to procurement with the vendor. The District's policy is to check the system for Award Management (SAM) Exclusions website, print a screen shot, and timestamp the information showing the procedure was performed. Other possible eligible audit evidence included collecting a certification from the vendor or adding a clause or condition to the covered transaction contract with that entity. While the District verbally confirmed that it verified vendors are not suspended or debarred prior to the procurement transaction by checking the SAM website, there was no audit evidence that we could observe that verified these procedures were performed. At the time of the audit (versus at the time of procurement), the District did print SAM screenshots to demonstrate to us that the entities sampled are not on the SAM Exclusions list. We also verified that the selected entities are not suspended or debarred.

Questioned Costs: None

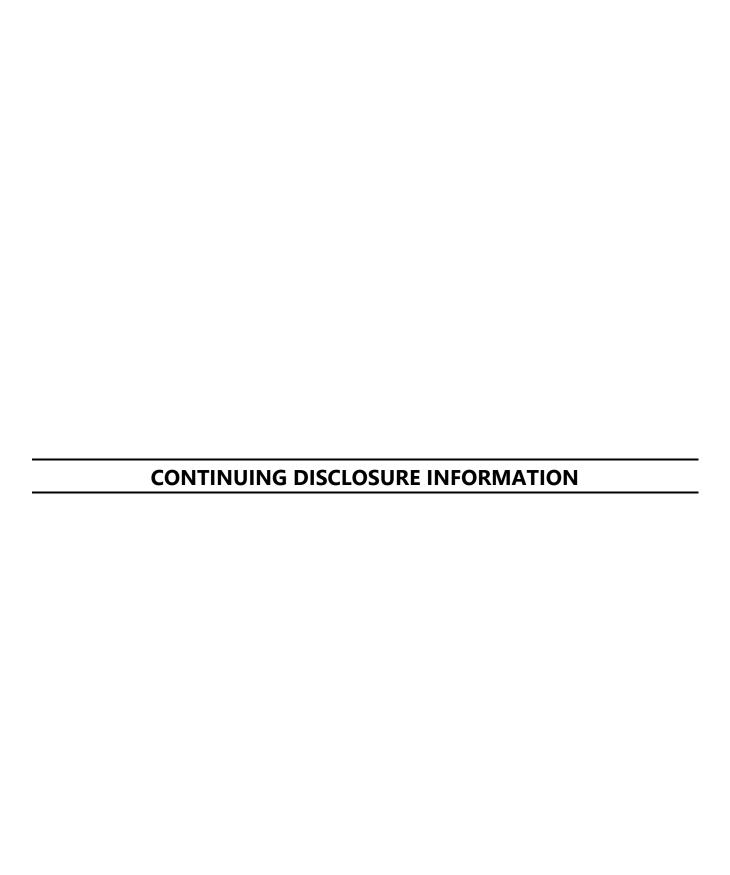
Cause: CLA's adherence to auditing standards require audit evidence to demonstrate that the District's purchasing team performed the verification. The District was not maintaining support that the verification was being performed and verbal confirmation by the District did not serve as proper audit evidence.

FINDING #2021 - 010: SUSPENSION AND DEBARMENT, continued

Effect: Non-compliance with federal regulations.

Recommendation: We recommend the District retain document to evidence its compliance with the suspension and debarment standards as required by federal regulations.

Views of Responsible Officials: Please refer to the attached Corrective Action Plan.



PERALTA COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT TREND ANALYSIS BY FUND – CASH AND ENDING FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	ash and Cash Equivalents and Investments June 30, 2020 J			une 30, 2021	June 30, 2022	
Unrestricted General Fund	\$	(4,556,306)	\$	4,611,307	\$	24,501,117
Restricted General Fund	Ψ	23,785,024	Ψ	5,519,572	Ψ	18,018,401
Bond Interest and Redemption Fund		39,245,492		50,975,618		50,545,060
Child Development Fund		2,745,856		2,212,542		2,657,375
Other Special Revenue Funds:		2,145,050		<i>L,L12,3</i> 7 <i>L</i>		2,031,313
Parcel Tax Fund		5,351,555		4,997,687		3,795,037
Retiree Benefits Fund		7,608,147		(1,640,805)		(10,329,812)
Capital Projects Fund		3,920,890		7,769,387		18,115,059
Bond Construction Funds		111,223,934		80,724,848		58,311,805
Self Insurance Fund		2,275,640		6,423,563		5,938,549
Student Financial Aid and Trust Fund		(1,772,959)		(2,456,754)		(4,420,214)
Associated Students Funds		711,519		705,658		710,971
Student Representative Fee Funds		362,050		483,026		578,126
Student Center Fee Funds		912,847		1,021,204		1,110,109
OPEB Lifetime Revocable Trust		187,037,655		219,942,393		171,912,237
Business-Type Activities Cash and Investments		378,851,344		381,289,246		341,443,820
business Type reavities easily and investments		370,031,311		301,203,210		311,113,020
Cash and Cash Equivalents		23,697,173		17,629,523		40,417,738
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		150,469,426		131,700,466		112,865,508
Investments		204,684,745		231,959,257		188,160,574
Business-Type Activities Cash and Investments	\$	378,851,344	\$	149,329,989	\$	341,443,820
business Type reavities easily and investments	Ψ	370,031,311	<u> </u>	1 13,323,303	<u> </u>	311,113,020
OPEB Irrevocable Trust Investments	\$	1,103,673	\$	1,326,881	\$	1,146,202
Ending Fu	nd Balanc	e/Net Position				
	Jı	une 30, 2020	Ju	une 30, 2021	Jı	une 30, 2022
Unrestricted General Fund	\$	24,850,474	\$	25,961,001	\$	30,753,995
Restricted General Fund		7,245,912		6,586,914		8,380,639
Other Restricted Funds		-		-		13,709
Bond Interest and Redemption Fund		39,245,492		50,975,618		50,545,060
Child Development Fund		1,876,062		2,001,509		2,386,308
Other Special Revenue Funds:						
Parcel Tax Fund		934,926		965,109		402,850
Retiree Benefits Fund		9,472,039		5,672,659		3,574,440
Capital Projects Fund		3,515,755		7,801,409		18,130,400
Bond Construction Funds		101,707,818		75,666,802		54,017,127
Self Insurance Fund		(1,940,586)		6,797		206
Student Financial Aid and Trust Fund		(162,919)		(162,919)		(1,634,494)
Associated Students Funds		745,382		750,316		752,084
Student Representative Fee Funds		200,822		278,145		328,315
Student Center Fee Funds		858,988		1,000,798		1,106,400
OPEB Lifetime Revocable Trust		173,986,532		206,891,270		179,911,827
Full Accrual Net Position		(688,006,699)		(666,470,364)		(572,369,486)
Business-Type Activities Net Position		(325,470,002)		(282,074,936)		(223,700,620)
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OPEB Irrevocable Trust Investments	\$	1,103,673	\$	1,326,881	\$	1,146,202